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FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Fort Almanac—August 21.

Sun Rises	5.33 A M
Sun Sets	6.48 P M
Day's Length	13 h 21 m
High Water at Southport	1.08 A M
High Water at Wilmington	3.48 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 21.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 71°; 8 p. m., 76°; maximum, 81°; minimum, 70°; mean, 75°.

Rainfall for the day, trace; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 2.86.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Rain fell generally over the cotton belt during the twenty-four hours ended at 8 a. m. yesterday. Unsettled weather continues along the immediate Atlantic and Gulf coasts, with rain falling over South Carolina and Texas. Temperatures are generally cooler. Heavy rainfalls are reported as follows: Columbus, Ga., 2.00; Newnan, Ga., 1.92; Waynesboro, Miss., 2.10 inches, and Galveston, Texas, 1.46 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Partly cloudy weather; east to southeast winds.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Aug. 20.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 2.2 feet.

OUTLINES.

Bradstreet's report emphasizes the growing prosperity of the farmer, due to higher prices for almost all agricultural products; the volume of trade continues to increase and prices are hardening. ——September wheat reached the dollar mark yesterday in New York. ——A big tobacco fair is proposed at Winston, N. C., the first of November. —— The Amoskeag cotton mills will start up in all departments September 6th; they employ about 15,000 operatives; the Naumkeag mills, Salem, Mass., resumed full time yesterday. —— Judge W. R Staples, one of the leaders of the Democratic party in Virginia, died yesterday. ——Another bomb explosion in Constantinople; nobody injured; several Armenians arrested. —— Italian barque Fiducia, from Pascagoula for Marseilles, captured by pirates who carried off provisions, charts, instruments, the captain of the barque and two men. ——The Prohibition State Convention of Virginia nominated Rev. L. A. Cutler for Governor; the attendance was small. ——Wm. D. Vinson, professor of mathematics at Davidson College died suddenly of heart-disease. —— H. O. Claughton and Miss Villa Custis, of Washington, D. C., driving in a carriage, were struck by a railroad train and fatally injured. —— Minister Woodford's instructions are to intimate to Spain that the United States will intervene unless the situation in Cuba speedily improves. —— A young negro who committed an assault upon an elderly white woman in Newberry, S. C., last March, was hanged yesterday. —— The strike situation at Pittsburg is practically unchanged. —— —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1½@1¾ per cent., last loan at 1¾ and closed offered at 1¾ per cent.; cotton quiet—middling 7⅜c; flour firm; wheat—spot was strong, No. 2 red in store and at elevator $1.08¾ afloat; corn—spot strong, No. 2 34¾ at elevator and 35c afloat; rosin quiet—strained common to good $1.47½@1.50; spirits turpentine quiet at 28@28½c.

A Texas man wants a divorce from his wife because she is an inordinate drinker of buttermilk. That's what made him sour on her.

Commissioner Handy has asked for 500,000 feet of space at the Paris Exposition. He will need nearly that much to float his whiskers.

Silver bullion may be declining but Silver Bryan isn't. He is still largely in demand. Thirty thousand people greeted him at Butte, Montana, last Friday.

Populist Congressman Howard says he can prove that Senator Stewart is no Populist. Nobody ever suspected him of being much of a Populist.

If the farmers do not get rich this year it will not be the fault of the big papers, which are now devoting much space daily to showing how rich he is going to be.

The Mississippi river does the draining for 1,250,000 square miles and causes an average flow of 664,000 cubic feet of water per second, and a good deal of mud.

During the presumed absence of the editorial corps some lunatic got into the editorial room of the Chicago *Tribune* and propounded the following conundrum: "Is the Republican party of Kentucky controlled by spoilsmen and office-seekers?" A close watch should be kept on that poor fellow.

The devil gets into some folks pretty soon after birth, if not before they are born. There is a place called Grapevine in Texas which reports a case of two little darkeys who tortured a little three-year-old negro child with hot irons, then threw it off a porch, and to stop it from crying stamped it to death.

Walla Tonaka, a Choctaw in the Indian Territory, is under sentence to be hanged on the 25th inst., for the murder of his uncle. But, pending an appeal, they turn him loose to travel around and play ball, having implicit confidence in the honor of this Choctaw to come to taw in time to be shot if the appeal shouldn't hold.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 131. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 21, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,363

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

It is a cold day, even for Alaska, when the Chicago man isn't in it. Dr. Crewe, of that town, who has made three trips to Alaska, and done much exploring, says he discovered on one of these trips a gold field that the Klondike can't hold a candle to. It is 500 miles from Klondike and all on American territory. He is going back to locate a town site (how like a Chicago man) and when that is done and his lots all laid off, he will let the secret of the location out and let the rush begin. In the meantime the presumption is he will have forty or fifty tons of the stuff piled up for transportation by the time they get a railroad running out there.

The fad among the titled nibs in England is to have something tatooed on their bodies. A tatoo artist from Japan who has been decorating them, and pulling their legs, will shortly come to this country where the idiots who do things because they are English, you know, will give him plenty to do. Tatooing as a fashionable fad may go, but it is dangerous sometimes. A very distinguished statesman was defeated in the ambition of his life because he was known as the "tatooed statesman."

Boston some years ago had a reputation of being a sort of head center for one-ideaed men. Now she trots out a one-eyed man who amuses himself sneaking around clipping the locks of unsuspecting females. The police are doing their level best to get their eyes and their grapplers on him.

That Columbus, O, dispatch which announces that the Republican editors of that State will begin an active campaign in behalf of the striking coal miners has a funky flavor. Those editors seem to have caught on to the fact that there is an election coming on in that State.

That bullet-proof cloth invented by Casimer Ziglen, the Chicago monk, fills the bill as a ball stopper, but it is too heavy for ordinary use. It is made of silk prepared by chemical process, and is an inch and a half thick. A piece 15 by 24 inches weighs about eight pounds.

A story comes from New Jersey that a policeman who was struck by lightning was cured of rheumatism. "Jersey lightning" has its peculiarities, but this is the first time it has ever figured as an instantaneous rheumatism cure.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. L. I.—Attention.
EXCURSION—To Carolina Beach.
BONEY & HARPER—Money saved.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. J. L. Southall, of Magnolia, was here yesterday.

— Editor D. H. Harnley, of Chadbourn, was here yesterday.

— Mr. A. M. Prince, of Manchester, was registered here yesterday.

— Mr. M. W. Johnson, of Spout Spring, was among yesterday's arrivals.

— Mr. Jas. C. Williamson, of Whiteville, was registered here yesterday.

— Mr. J. M. Gray, of Washington, was among yesterday's visitors in the city.

— Mr. C. Ed. Taylor, the editor of the Southport *Standard*, was among yesterday's arrivals.

— Mr. W. H. Turlington left last night for New York city, where he was called on account of the sickness of his daughter, Miss Gracie.

— Mr. J. G. Charles, of Point Caswell, was here yesterday on his way to Tarboro, where he was for a long time the editor of the Tarboro *Southerner*.

TOBACCO EXPOSITION

To be Held in Winston, N. C., the First of Next November.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

WINSTON, August 20.—The Winston Tobacco Board of Trade held an enthusiastic meeting this afternoon and organized a Tobacco Fair Association and elected an executive committee to formulate plans for a big tobacco fair or exposition to be held the first of November next. Col. A. B. Gorrell was chosen president of the association, Col. C. E. Webb secretary and T. Vaughn treasurer.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— A special meeting of the Wilmington Light Infantry will be held to-night at 8

— Tillie Taylor was before Justice Bunting yesterday charged with disorderly conduct, but was adjudged not guilty.

— Rev. A. D. McClure having returned to the city will occupy his pulpit at St. Andrew's church to-morrow, both morning and night.

— The game at Hilton this afternoon between the Atlantic Coast Line and O. A. N. ball teams promises fine sport. The game will be called at 4.30 o'clock.

— The services at the Seamen's Bethel will be conducted to-morrow at 8 o'clock by Rev. A. D. McClure. Seamen and rivermen are especially invited. All welcome.

— A party was given at the residence of Mr. J. H. W. Bonitz last night by Miss Etta Bonitz, complimentary to Miss Lizzie Frost, of Raleigh. A large number of young folks spent a most pleasant evening.

— Rev. George Lomax, (colored) formerly of North Carolina, is very much wanted by two Baptist churches near Norfolk. This gentle shepherd is said to have fleeced his two flocks out of $729 and left for parts unknown. Lomax is supposed to be one of the family of that name who lived near Fayetteville some years since.

COLUMBUS COURT.

Lun Haynes Convicted of the Murder of John Lee.

The jury in the case of Lun Haynes, colored, charged with the murder of John Lee, at Whiteville, in July, 1896, brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree at Columbus county court last Thursday. The evidence against Haynes was of the most damaging character. H. E. Frazier testified that he and several others went to the jail at the request of Lun, and that he confessed to being one of the murderers. That the accused man was seen in the woods with a gun on the morning after the murder was committed was testified by another witness, a colored boy.

James Haynes, who also is charged with being implicated in the murder and who was suspected of having been implicated before his brother Lun Haynes was, was placed on trial Thursday, with the probability that his case would consume the remainder of the term.

Naval Reserves Excursion Next Tuesday.

The excursion next Tuesday by the Naval Reserves promises to be a most delightful one. The Wilmington Light Infantry will be in attendance and its select team of ten marksmen will contest with a similar team from the Naval Reserves for a handsome prize, namely, an elegant solid silver cream pitcher and sugar bowl, now displayed in Mr. G. W. Huggins' jewelry window. There will also be music for dancing and a number of other amusements.

The steamer *Wilmington* will leave her wharf at 9.30 a. m., 3 and 7 p. m and in return will leave the beach at 11 p. m. The excursion is given to raise money for the cruise, and those who wish to see the Reserves go on their annual cruise can help them out by purchasing a ticket for the excursion. Tickets can be had at all the drug stores and at Gerken's.

Mr. G. H. Hutaff Painfully Hurt.

Mr. G. H. Hutaff, who sustained painful injuries last Saturday night while stepping from a street car at the corner of Ninth and Princess streets, was in the city yesterday. He is slowly improving, but his right foot which was badly crushed, gives him no little pain.

Mr. Hutaff was on the car going up Princess and when it reached the corner stepped off on the right without thinking of the one coming up Ninth. The result was that he was caught between the two cars. It might have been a good deal worse for him, but for the friendly warning of some one on the car, in response to which he escaped with no further injury than a mashed foot.

Funeral of the Late J. C. Millis.

The funeral of the late Mr. J. C. Millis was conducted yesterday morning at 10 o'clock from Fifth Street Methodist church in the presence of a number of friends and relatives. Rev. W. L. Cuninggim, the pastor, officiated. When the services at the church were over, the casket was slowly and sorrowfully borne out and carried to Oakdale Cemetery for interment. The pall-bearers were Messrs. F. A. Montgomery, J. W. Hewett, Henry Peany, B. A. McClammy, Stephen R. Ellis and J. W. McCartney.

A Peculiar Accident.

Mr. Fred T. Skipper happened to a peculiar accident a day or two ago. He was standing on the piazza of his residence, No. 708 North Third street, about 7 o'clock in the morning enjoying a watermelon. He bent over the banisters to throw the seeds from a piece of the fruit, and as he did so, lost his balance and fell to the ground, a distance of four or five feet. His collar-bone was fractured and one or two other slight injuries were sustained, but Mr. Skipper was well enough to be out yesterday.

New Hanover Fox Club.

A party of gentlemen of this city met last night and organized the New Hanover Fox Club. Dr. W. D. McMillan was called to the chair and Mr. G. G. Watts was elected secretary. The presiding officer appointed a committee on permanent organization and the meeting then adjourned to meet again Monday night at the office of Dr. McMillan.

— Mr. Murray Forbes, Travelling Passenger Agent of the Seaboard Air Line, was here yesterday.

BASE BALL AT HILTON

BETWEEN THE A. C. L. AND O. A. N. TEAMS.

A Close and Exciting Contest—Score Eight to Eight—Another Game to Be Played This Afternoon.

When old Sol sunk to rest below the western horizon yesterday evening, he carried with him the recollection of seeing a mighty battle. Not deadly in effect or revengeful in spirit, but one in which eighteen sons of the "Star Spangled Banner" had been pitted against each other, all gallantly struggling for the same end—victory and glory; and how one band of heroes, after a hard fought inning, would climb a round of the ladder of success, only to be pulled down to make place for the other; and how with a mighty effort one mounted the ladder and valiantly standing on the pinnacle of glory, waved aloft the stainless white banner of victory when the enemy proved their skill and tact by also gaining the coveted point, obtained a hold upon the banner, and commenced a struggle for possession, and it was at this stage of the fight that the curtain was rung down, leaving Good Will king.

There is no sport the American people enjoy more than base ball, and for the past month the "fans" in this section of the country have been kept fully alive by two teams, of the merit of which Wilmington feels justly proud.

The two clubs—the Atlantic Coast Line and the O. A. N.—arranged a series of three games about a month ago to decide the championship; two of the three were won by the Coast Line, and it was the third that was presented yesterday afternoon at Hilton, before an audience of tremendous size, the major part of of which was composed of the fairer sex, who cheered their favorites, and encouraged them by waving the red and blue emblem or the black and orange. It is needless to say that "dead game" sports were there, nor is it necessary to state in subdued tones that the small boy with his usual supply of deadly missiles in the shape of every conceivable kind of slang phrase was there, for these two characters in life's drama are too well known and their presence at a ball game is always a matter of course, and to make a bet to the contrary would be dead against a certainty.

For yesterday's battle both teams had made extensive preparations, the O. A. N. club having signed Belden and Johnson, of the University team, and Wooten of the A. & M. College, while the Coast Line had succeeded in obtaining Gwaltney and Taylor, the battery of the Wake Forest College crack nine men.

AS SEEN FROM THE GRAND STAND

Half-past four o'clock and Umpire W. F. Robertson walked into the field and the usual cry, "Play ball," is vociferated, which signals for each team to commence the struggle. The Coast Line boys are at the bat, while the O. A. N. crew are in the field prepared for the task which is now before them. Sweeney, the wonder-worker, is smiling as he gently paces up and down in the box, awaiting Zillers, who is making his toilet for the catcher's part in the game. First to the bat is Gwaltney, but no sooner is he is up before he is playing dancing on first. Taylor (C) follows him, and also succeeds in capturing a bag, and they both score, while Galloway, Schutte and Gore retire to side. After the usual change is made, Wooten is the first man to face Taylor, who is destined to spring many a puzzle, aided by Gwaltney, who is officiating in a most artistic and telling manner behind the timber. Wooten and Zillers score, but Johnson, Hatch and Jackson are less considerate and knock the trolley off, which specifies that the end has been reached. The score now stands a tie and the greatest excitement prevails. In their second inning the Coast Line boys become jubilant and tally four more runs; Leopold, Genaust, Gwaltney and Sinclair. In their second inning the O. A. N. team fails to score, and ditto in their third inning, but in their fourth manage to obtain two runs; Hatch and Stevenson. In the seventh inning, Sweeney advances the score one. The Coast Line fails to score until the seventh, when Galloway makes a long home drive over left field fence and is followed by Schutte with another run, which ends the Coast Line tallies.

The begining of the ninth inning finds the score eight to five in favor of the Coast Line. Sweeney and Wooten both score goose-eggs, and then Johnson obtains first on base on balls. Zellers knocks a two-bagger, moving Johnson up to third. Belden, the next man up, drives the ball over the fence for a home run, which gives three runs and ties the score. The O. A. N. supports then flock the field and for about five minutes all that can be seen is flying hats, canes, etc., and Belden carried aloft on the shoulders of his admirers.

Umpire Robertson now calls the game on account of darkness, with both clubs even.

The clubs lined up as follows:

Coast Line—Gwaltney, c; Taylor (C.), p; Sinclair, 1st b; Galloway, 2d b; Schutte, 3d b; Gore, s s; Genaust, l f; Taylor (captain), c f; Leopold, r f.

A. O. N.—Zellers, c; Sweeney, p; Wooten, 1st b; Belden, 2d b; Johnson, 3d b; Orrell (captain), s s; Stevenson, l f; Hatch, c f; Jackson, r f.

Two-base hits were made by Zellers, Belden, Taylor (C) and Genaust. Home runs were made by Belden and Galloway.

The following is a summary of the game, viz: Struck out by Taylor, 10; by Sweeney, 8. Base on balls on Sweeney, 1; on Taylor, 4. Hits, six singles, two two-bags and one home run on Taylor, and ten singles, two two-bags and one home run on Sweeney. Errors, Coast Line-eight, and O. A. N. six. Past balls, Gwaltney two.

This afternoon at 4.30 o'clock the Coast Line and O. A. N. will play again.

— Mr. Alfred Moffitt has gone to Norfolk on a visit.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Boston, 16; Pittsburg, 2.
Chicago, 6; Washington, 2.
Washington, 11; Chicago, 1.
Philadelphia, 6; Cincinnati, 3.
Cincinnati, 4; Philadelphia, 3.
Louisville, 9; New York, 8.
Cleveland, 5; Baltimore, 0.
Brooklyn, 19; St. Louis, 7.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO DAY.

Pittsburg at Boston.
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
Cleveland at Baltimore.
Chicago at Washington.
Louisville at New York.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Boston	68	31	.686
Baltimore	63	33	.656
Cincinnati	61	38	.648
New York	58	37	.610
Cleveland	53	44	.541
Chicago	49	53	.485
Pittsburg	43	53	.447
Louisville	44	56	.440
Philadelphia	43	58	.425
Brooklyn	40	57	.413
Washington	39	59	.397
St. Louis	26	74	.260

The Orioles found so much difficulty in hitting Powell that they failed to score entirely.

The Beaneaters couldn't hit Kellen, while the Pirates couldn't solve the mystery of Klobedanz's balls.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Wilmington postoffice August 20th, 1897:

LADIES' LIST.

Mrs Charlotte Arthur, Mrs Caroline Anders, Mrs Ader Bell, Miss Sue Baldwin, Mrs W C Barthelmas, Miss Frances Everett, Mdmlle Eugenie Gigard (2), Miss Emmie Hawkins, Miss Molley Hearrin, Miss Nora Hill, Miss Rosar Howard, Miss Williaman Harrial, Miss Lyza Mack, Miss Polley Neill, Mrs Susie McKarth, Mrs Mattie C McCrickard, Mrs M A Prince, Mrs Ed Pickett, Miss Jane Parrish, Mrs Mariar Quince, Mrs W D Rogers, Mrs D S Sanders, Miss Ellin Sabbery, Miss Eliza Scott, Miss Martha Scott, Mrs Senie Smith, Mary A Taylor, Mrs Annie Turner, Mrs Mary M Troy, Miss Clarrah Warraeone, Miss Mary B Williams (2), Mrs M G Walker, Mrs R C Woodcock.

MEN'S LIST.

A Allen, G H Burnell, J T Brooks, Rev William Black, Messrs Bone & Chappell, Joseph Chalagton, S B Cary, William Carmon, John Davis, Dr. Rhys Davis Chas Elsworth, Willie Elliott, W M G Eilard, C W Tutch, Ed Frost, Mick Granton, Alexander Hicks, Rob Houston, H G Herris, Tom Hines, Walter Houston, William Howard, Wm G Harris, W W Hunt, Robert Jackson, Cap S H Johnson, Henry Lome, M C Kirchum, R L Lewis, col., O McKayden, Christopher C McKeithan, T J McKoy, James D Nixon, Jr. J N Nusom, D K Priesh, C H Price, Edward Perry, Col George Poast, Wm H Parker, J Abner Roberson, William Roberson, Eld. B W Sineath (2), A W Smith, Chas N Sparkman, J W Sauchers, Jimmie Sturg, R W Scott, Thomas Smith, Willie Small, Willie Smith, Willie Stevenson, The Rev Wm Temple, D D, F T Willis, John Walker, J A Wellons, James Washington, Hiram Williams, George Wallson, W V Wheeler, Wilmington Fur M'f'g Co.

RETURNED FROM DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

George Brown, J N Bryant, Willie Smith, Lucy Bertha, Mrs W Hill.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days, they will be sent to the dead letter office.

GEO. L. MORTON, Postmaster.

PEMBROKE JONES WINS AGAIN.

The Yacht Carolina Wins Another Closely Contested Race at Newport.

Wilmingtonians heartily congratulate Capt. Pembroke Jones on the two victories of his fine yacht *Carolina*. The following from the New York *Journal* tells the story:

NEWPORT, R I., August 18.—*Carolina* again won the race between the 30-footers to day, and carried off as a prize the silver cup offered by Ralph N. Ellis, owner of *Hera*, which was a close second. It was an exciting race between the first three boats, and at one time it looked as if Mr. Ellis would win his own cup, but, at the finish, a steam yacht cut him off and he lost first place. There were nine boats to start at 3.15, the course being a triangular one of eight miles, twice over.

The wind was southwest at the start, but before the completion of the first round it shifted to the eastward. The official time was as follows:

Boat.	Owner.	Elapsed Time.
Carolina,	Pembroke Jones,	2 31.18
Hera,	R. N. Ellis,	2.31.32
Dorothy,	H. H. P. Whitney,	2 34.06
Puck,	E. D. Morgan,	2.36.08
Wawa,	J. A. Stillman,	2 36.30
Mai,	O. G. Jennings,	2.37.48
Veda,	C. Vanderbilt, Jr.,	2.38.15
Vaquero III,	H. B. Durvea,	2.38.56
Esperanza,	A.S. VanWinkle,	Did notfinish

Excursionists in the City.

The excursion from Clio, Latta and other towns in South Carolina arrived yesterday morning about 11 o'clock with 500 passengers, mostly colored. The train pulled out on the return trip last night at 9 o'clock.

The Mt. Airy excursionists left last night at 7 o'clock, after having been in the city and adjacent resorts since 7 o'clock Wednesday night.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cent

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

A Card.

We use this method to inform the public that our Photographs do not fade as claimed by our competitors. We guarantee them to be as permanent as any made, the quality being the same and the likeness better, as our experience is not limited. The cabinet photographs we will continue to make for $1.25 per dozen; the smaller ones 35 cents per dozen.

The new Gallery, 116 Market street, over Saeed's furniture store. †

NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

Boykin, of New Hanover, Appointed Director of the A. & N. C. R. R.—Cranky Rev. Burns—Gov. Russell at the Alliance Picnic—Liquor Dealers' Association to Meet in Durham.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 20.

Mr. B. F. Boykin, of New Hanover, is appointed a director of the Atlantic and North Carolina railway on the part of the State, vice W. J. Pope, of Lenoir, resigned.

Dr. T. D. Hogg, a wealthy citizen of Raleigh, is quite sick.

The Rev. Altogether Righteous Burns contrives to keep himself more or less in the public eye at all seasons of the year by virtue of his "crankiness." Yesterday a well known citizen, by force of habit, made his way up one of the walks in the Capitol grounds which is being excavated by convicts. A guard told him to halt, but the citizen kept on. The matter was reported to the Rev. Burns, and he authorized the guard to level his gun on the next man who set foot on the walk. The good "doctor" seems to think that he is exempted from State statutes.

It is stated that Mack Straughn, who for twenty-six years has been janitor of the Capitol building, is to be removed. The name of his Populist successor has not yet been disclosed. To the people of Raleigh old man Straughn's familiar figure is as much of a fixture as the old Capitol itself.

The Governor speaks to-day at 1 p. m. at the Alliance pic nic at the A. and M. College. All the State officers are attending the pic nic to-day.

The North Carolina Liquor Dealers' Association meets in Durham Tuesday. Mr. C. B. Bland, of this city, is preparing a souvenir magazine to be issued on the occasion. It will be handsomely illustrated.

Jim Young still maintains that he will get the postmastership. It looks like Tom Bailey, however.

MATTERS AT MAXTON.

Confederate Veterans' Re-Union—A Day of Great Enjoyment—Border Exposition of the Carolinas—To Be Held in October.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

MAXTON, Aug. 20.

The Confederate veterans had their annual re-union here yesterday, and notwithstanding the unfavorable weather fifteen hundred or two thousand veterans and sons and daughters of veterans were present. Hons. R. T. Bennett, of Wadesboro, and J. T. LeGrand, of Rockingham, who were to have been the principal speakers, failed to appear; but Hon. C. A. McEachin, who "saved the State" in 1875, and several others of the veterans spoke, as did Hon. J. F. Payne for the sons. The McColl, S. C., Cornet Band furnished the music; Miss May McKinzie recited "All Quiet Along the Potomac To-night," and a local choir beautifully rendered "The Old North State," "America," "The Bonnie Blue Flag," and "Dixie's Land." Maxton furnished a barbecue and other rations to waste. Altogether the day was one of great enjoyment, and Commander Andrew Jackson McNair was not the least among the happy throng.

The eighth annual Fair of the Border Exposition of the Carolinas will be held as usual during the last week in October, to-wit: Oct. 27, 28 and 29. Many outside attractions are trying to make engagements, and our people expect to make an unusually good exhibit of their products this year. Last year every exhibitor received a premium. The management found last year that not issuing a premium list worked well and will follow the same plan this year; so that the people can just bring in the best they have and receive premiums without regard to a catalogue.

THE BLACKWELL MURDER.

Another Link in the Chain of Evidence Against the Negro Tramp Ed Purvis.

In regard to the negro tramp Ed. Purvis, the supposed murderer of James Blackwell, the A. C. L. flagman, and who is now confined in Cumberland county jail awaiting trial at the next session of Harnett county Superior Court, which will convene the first Monday in next month, the Fayetteville *Observer* of Thursday afternoon says:

Yesterday another strong link was added to the chain of the already strong evidence against the accused man. It was the finding of Purvis's pistol in the house of the colored man with whom he stayed in Manchester after being struck by the C. F. & Y. V. train near that place Monday morning. The chambers contained two shells, one of which was empty. If this pistol fired the fatal bullet, then that bullet is buried with the murdered man, for, through an oversight, the ball was not extracted. The body, we understand, will be exhumed, and the deadly missile secured for evidence.

Purvis acknowledged this morning that he was chased by the blood-hounds to within a short distance of Manchester, where they lost the trail in a swamp.

On the way to the station, Detective Turbeville measured Purvis's barefooted track. He had previously measured the track of the murderer at the scene of the crime. Both tracks corresponded exactly.

THE RICE OUTLOOK.

Prospect Favorable to High Average Prices the Season Through.

Dan. Talmage's Sons & Co., New York, say in their latest rice circular:

There is a lively demand, especially in foreign, and the market rules firm on all grades. Advices from the South note receipts of the new crop considerably ahead of last year, but as the amount carried over was limited, holders have the advantage. It is exceptional for the market to show strength at the opening of the crop, but such is now warranted, as (1) with advanced rate of duty under the new tariff no foreign can be imported and profitably sold at present cost of domestic in primary markets, and (2) planters this year are forehanded and able to market with deliberation. In no previous year has greater independence been shown. Instructions with shipments invariably "four or more" (34 per barrel, 162 pounds rough). Many planters are even more cautious, taking the precaution of sending samples. As a result the supply is scanty, prices firm and the outlook favoring high average of value the season through.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

KINSTON VS. NEWBERN.

Exciting Game of Base Ball Won by the Kinston Team.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

KINSTON, N. C., August 20.—Kinston won an exciting game of ball to-day from Newbern. The score was five to two. Hill and Coleman's work as battery for Kinston, and Person's work as pitcher for Newbern, were the features; very few hits being made off either pitcher. Kinston goose-egged the visitors until the ninth inning, when two men scored, one unearned run, the other on errors.

The Churches.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. R. A. Willis, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.15 p. m. Sunday school at 4.30 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.15 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cuninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 8.00 p. m. Sunday School at 4.00 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

Market Street M. E. Church, next to corner Ninth and Market streets, Rev. T. H. Sutton, pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Class meeting at 9.30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday night at 7.30 p. m.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. H. Hoge, pastor. Divine service at 11 a. m. and 8.00 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday at 8.15 p. m. Seats free.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. F. H. Farrington, pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p m. Weekly Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Excursion to Carolina Beach.

THE NAVAL RESERVES WILL GIVE AN Excursion to Carolina Beach, Tuesday, August 24, for the benefit of the cruise. Target Match with W. L. I. Music for Dancing. Other attractions. Boat leaves her wharf at 9.30 a. m. and 3 and 8 p m. In return leaves Beach at 11 p m. Fare 35 cents. Tickets on sale at all the drug stores and Gerken's. au 21 3t

Attention W. L. I.

THERE WILL BE A SPECIAL MEETING of the Wilmington Light Infantry to-night at 8.30 o'clock. All members are requested to attend.

au 21 It G. A. CARDWELL, President.

Wanted.

BY A LARGE NATURAL PREMIUM LIFE Insurance Company, a GENERAL AGENT FOR WILMINGTON and vicinity. Must be a local man and able to give bond. Also Manager wanted for the State of North Carolina. Liberal contract to suitable party. Address 309 Broadway, New York, au 15 1w

For Rent.

TWO-STORY DWELLING ON North-east corner Tenth and Princess streets. Building and fencing in good condition. Good water.

Two houses, four rooms each, on Eighth between Church and Castle streets. Good water and plenty of yard room.

D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.

au 1 tf

At the Unlucky Corner

Glass Dippers.

No danger of breaking. You can drive a nail with them.

Door Mats,

A nice line, quality extra good. Price reasonable.

Canned Pigs Feet and Roast Beef, just the thing you can appreciate this hot spell.

As usual a plenty of fine Lemons.

S. W. Sanders.

Telephone No. 109. au 19 tf

Commissioner's Sale.

Mary Swain et al. vs. Antonio Swain et al.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court in the above entitled cause to me directed, the undersigned Commissioner will expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, on Tuesday, the 7th day of September, at 12 o'clock M., in front of the Court House, in the city of Wilmington, N. C., the following described lot of Land: That lot in said city, beginning at a point in the western line of Fifth street 95 feet north of the northern line of Bladen street, runs thence northwardly with the said line of Fifth street 65 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Bladen street 165 feet, thence south parallel with Sixth street 66 feet, thence east 165 feet to the beginning.

JAS. W. SNEEDEN, Commissioner.

au 18 20t

NEW MULLETS.

200 BARRELS NEW MULLETS.
790 BAGS SALT.
450 BAGS CORN.
340 BALES HAY.
159 CREAM CHEESE.
340 KEGS NAILS.

W. B. COOPER.

au 15 D&W tf Wilmington, N.C.

Execution Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION TO ME directed, issued from the Superior Court of New Hanover county, August 3rd, 1897, wherein W. L. Paraley is plaintiff and Charles L. Kelley is defendant, I will expose for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door of New Hanover county, on Monday, September 6th, 1897, the following described lot of land: Beginning at the southeastern corner of Dickinson and Fanning streets and running thence south with the east line of Dickinson street 66 feet, thence east 89½ feet, thence north 66 feet, thence west 89½ feet to the beginning, being west part of Lot 1, Block 87½, in the city of Wilmington. Levied upon to satisfy said execution. Sale at 12 o'clock m.

E. HEWLETT, Sheriff.

Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 6, 1897.

thr au 6 4t

J. W. Murchison,

Wholesale and Retail Hardware Dealer.

AGENT FOR

Laflin & Rand Powder,

Howe Scales, Richmond Stoves and

CAPITOLA

THE VERY BEST QUALITY. THE VERY LATEST DESIGN.

Steel Ranges.

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

au 15 tf

We Have Other Goods

to offer besides

"Clover Hill Butter."

Read our list and find out.

100 Boxes Full Cream Cheese,

Candles, Gun Caps. Drugs of all kinds.

Flour all grades, including Pillsbury's Best, which is the Flour for good bread.

Fish, Fresh N. C. Fruits, Glue, Potted Ham, Cooked Ham.

Car load choice Timothy Hay.

Ink to suit all.

Jellies in Glass and in Wood.

R. W. HICKS,

Wholesale Grocer.

au 14 D&W tf

We Are the People Here.

TELL THEM THAT

YOU SAW US,

and we are from now on the

Exclusive Wholesale Agents

for Powell Smith & Co.'s New York famous brands of Cigars.

"Renown," 5 cent Cigar.
"Cuban Blossom," 5 cent Cigar.
"Smokettes," 5 cent Cigar.
"Topical Twist Head," 5 cent Cigar.
"Union League Club," 10 cent Cigar.
"El. Capt. Gen'l," 10 cent Cigar.

Vollers & Hashagen,

Wilmington, N. C.

au 15 tf

Even the KIDS are working hard to get the HANDSOME WATCH which it is certain will be GIVEN AWAY on October 1st, 1897, at 10 a. m. by

MERCER & EVANS,

115 Princess Street,

Where good cheap SHOES may be had at all times. au 14 tf

MONEY SAVED.

CASH BUYERS OF

Corn, Oats, Wheat Bran,

Cracked Corn, Cow Feed, &c.,

should not fail to get our prices before placing their orders.

Boney & Harper.

au 15 tf

CAROLINA BEACH AND SOU

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, Aug. 21, 1897

AS A BANKER SEES IT.

Mr. Robert J. Lowery, of Atlanta, is President of the Bankers' Association, which met a few days ago at Detroit, Mich. His address concluded with the following paragraph:

"I recognize the fact that 'returning prosperity' has not yet arrived, I know that it is on the way and believe it is not so far off as some would have us think. This belief is warranted by the fact that under the blessing of God abundant crops are assured; our agricultural products are in demand by less favored people, and when the surplus grain of the West and cotton of the South shall begin to move to the coast on their way to supply the wants of other nations, we shall see the great cloud of depression begin to lift and let in the glorious sunshine of prosperity, which will warm into new life the enterprise of our great country."

Mr. Lowery is not one of the rainbow chasers, and it is sensible enough not to undertake, as so many of the rainbow-chasing organs do, to prove that prosperity is already here, a fact which the country would not fail to discover without any assurances from these journals. But he feels so well satisfied that prosperity is on the way that he believes it is not as far off as some would make it appear. Like a sensible man he gives his reason for his belief and a very suggestive reason, too, namely, that "under the blessing of God abundant crops are assured; our agricultural products are in demand by less favored people, and when the surplus grain of the West and cotton of the South shall begin to move to the coast on their way to supply the wants of other nations, we shall see the great cloud of depression begin to lift and let in the glorious sunshine of prosperity, which will warm into new life the enterprise of our great country," which means in briefer phrase that the farmer is at the bottom of all our anticipated or hoped for prosperity, which is a cold, rock-bottom truth.

We have said that this is a suggestive paragraph, suggestive in the fact that it is a candid admission by a banker that the prosperity of the country, with its numerous enterprises, including the banks, is dependent upon the products of agriculture, the greatest of all our industries. And yet who has ever heard of the farmers of the country being considered or consulted in any scheme bearing upon the currency of the country? One year ago when the majority of the people in the agricultural States complained of the depression from which they suffered and demanded a more liberal financial policy which would make money more abundant and give them, as they believed, a better return for their labor, they were chided by some and denounced by others as repudiators of honest debts and instigators of national dishonor, but it is to these very farmers to-day, so unsparingly denounced then that the country is looking for prosperity, to whom even the bankers, some of whom refused to let their money go into these States to be loaned, are looking for prosperity. The "repudiator" of twelve months ago, "under the blessing of God" has become the savior, who "lifts the cloud" and "lets the sunshine of prosperity in."

It being an admitted fact, which no one now disputes, that it is the good crops of this year, for which there will be such an active foreign demand, that are to bring us prosperity and put life into our numerous liuquishing industries, is it at all unreasonable that the industry which does all this, and the men who pursue this industry, should have a voice in the framing of the monetary system of the country? Should they be denounced as communists and repudiators because they clamor for reforms that they deem essential to their welfare, especially when the welfare of the country depends upon their welfare? For nearly twenty-five years there has been a steady decline in the price of their products, the cause of which they trace to and insist is to be found in the tampering with the monetary system which then prevailed, and in self defense they have demanded a return to that system, and for this they have been denounced as hopelessly ignorant or morally depraved, lacking in integrity and regardless of the country's honor.

They were not wrong when they demanded this return to the monetary system which was departed from twenty-four years ago, and if that demand had been heard and heeded this delayed prosperity might and probably would have come before this. Those who see the clouds lifting and the sun of prosperity beginning to shine are looking for dollar wheat, not the result of the present monetary system but in spite of it, thanks, (if the word thanks may be used in such a connection) to the blighted wheat fields of other countries.

The prices of wheat are made in the gold countries which buy our wheat and American prices are governed by the prices made there. They are made upon a gold valuation. If we had a world bimetallism instead of a practical monometallism in European countries, the wheat which may bring a dollar a bushel ater on would bring a dollar and a half, and the farmers of this country would get half as much more for the crops they market and would bring that much more general prosperity. Although they and the whole country are rejoicing in the turn of the tide, they are suffering even in their new prosperity by the monetary system which twenty-four years ago struck at them and has kept them on the ragged edge nearly all the time since. They are now, and with them the country, the beneficiaries of the calamities which have fallen upon other peoples who need the wheat they have raised to make bread to eat.

It is an accidental, exceptional condition which may not obtain next year and then the farmer cannot continue the role of the prosperity bringer which his good fortune enables him to play now. In the meantime the gold men continue to wage war upon silver to lessen its purchasing power, and to increase the purchasing power of gold. They are endeavoring to put the world on a gold monometallic basis and every point they score is a blow at the farmers of the country, and every blow at them is a blow at all, for as they are now admitted to be the prosperity bringers, so are we dependent upon them in all the years for our prosperity.

MINOR MENTION.

We clip the following from a Northern exchange:

"The sort of news that now fills the newspapers of the agricultural States is shown by a dispatch to the Omaha *Bee*, to the effect that forty threshers, mostly run by steam, are working in York county, and twice the number would not meet the demand. The yield of wheat in Nebraska is exceeding the expectations, and the grain is generally of the best quality. Ten to thirty bushels an acre is reported from one county, and an average of twenty bushels from another county."

This shows one thing, if nothing more, and that is that the steam threshers are hustling and doing a pretty lively business. But the threshers, even those who use horse instead of steam power, are always hustlers. The Omaha *Bee* is a busy little fellow, which early caught the prosperity boom on the fly and has been buzzing it right along ever since, The Dingley tariff wasn't forty-eight hours old before it spread itself and boldly uttered the prediction that within thirty days every man in those parts who wanted work would be loaded down with it if he didn't run or crawl into a hole. But let us see what there is in this joyful announcement by the *Bee*. The yield is "exceeding expectations," running from ten to thirty bushels to the acre in one county and averaging twenty bushels in another. Now we don't want to throw even lukewarm, much less cold water, on anybody, and we don't want to pose as a pessimist, but with such a yield of wheat per acre, we don't see much prospect for the average Nebraska wheat grower putting on plutocratic style this year. Wheat hasn't touched the dollar mark yet, and when it does these farmer will get from $10 to $20 an acre for their crop. At least one-third of the yield he will have to hold for bread for his family and seed for the next crop, leaving 6 to 15 bushels for sale. This will give him from $6 to $15 an acre, if he sell at a dollar a bushel. It costs about fifty cents a bushel to produce wheat, cutting down his profits one half and leaving him from $3.00 to $7.50 an acre. Allowing the average farmer about thirty acres of wheat, and that is rather over the mark, they will get from their wheat crops from $90 to $235. Not much of a bonanza in that to the average wheat grower. Of course they raise other things besides wheat, but thus far there has been no remarkable increase in the price of anything but wheat, so that while the gain to the farmers in the aggregate will be large there is not enough to the average individual farmer to make him purse-proud.

* * *

If the reports of the richness of the Alaskan gold fields prove to be well founded and the supplies are shown to be of a permanent character, that country will not long remain isolated as it now is, for American enterprise will find a way to penetrate it with a railroad or railroads. Explorations made during Mr. Cleveland's first administration as President show this to be practicable, although it may be a very great and a very costly undertaking. The project has been more or less discussed since the first discoveries of gold in that territory of constructing a road to connect with the North Pacific road, having a terminal point on the Bering Sea, which connecting by ship with the Russian Tran-Siberian road would practically give railroad transportation from any point in this country to any point in the countries on the other hemisphere. This would be a great undertaking, but these are days of great undertakings. As the surveys of which we have spoken show that the country for much of the distance presents no very formidable obstacles to railroad construction and none of it insurmountable obstacles, the only question that would have to be decided is would such a work pay, for the American capitalist never does anything that he doesn't think will pay. The distance to be constructed from the point of beginning in Montana, where connection with the Northern Pacific would be made, to Fort Alexander, on Bering Sea, is 2,765 miles, but this isn't half as long as the Trans-Siberian railroad which Russia is running through that vast wilderness, and will be completed within the next two years. If, as we have said, future developments show that the gold deposits of that part of the world have permanent value, even approximating the reports now current, the locomotive will be bowling through at least the gold field section at no distant day.

* * *

One of the questions which has been attracting the attention of the people of Georgia for some time is what disposition they will make of their penitentiary convicts after the lease system expires, which will be in 1899. They must either renew that or provide for the working of the convicts under State supervision and control. Within the past few years a sentiment has grown up against the leasing of the convicts, which has been strengthed by the exposures of the cruel and inhuman treatment by some of the leasing companies, and there is little probability of that system being continued, although leases for short periods may be made in the meantime pending the legislation that will be necessary to change the system. The State farm system has been adopted in North Carolina, and a few other States. In addition to this North Carolina prevents the gorging of the penitentiary by authorizing the working of short term convicts on county roads, a privilege of which a number of counties have availed themselves with advantage to themselves and to the State. This is the next best thing to working the whole force on the roads, and the most economical way of taking care of them. The experience in this State is that road-working is the solution of that problem, as best for the convicts, best for the State from an economical standpoint, and also in the way of permanent benefit in the improvement of the roads at the least cost.

Secretary Carlisle advises the gold Democrats to put up tickets whenever elections are to be held. We venture the prediction that he couldn't be prevailed upon to accept a nomination on one of them. He is out of politics, but is still anxious to help Hanna.

TWINKLINGS.

— Time to Spare—"I'm afraid Kitty isn't having a very good time at the seashore."

"Why?"

"She writes home every day."

— He—"My motto is 'Always think before you speak.'"

She—You must find it very hard to carry on an animated conversation."—*Boston Traveler.*

— Mistress—"You were snoring awfully in the night, Mary."

Maid—"Yis'm; but it was out of worrukin' hours."—*Boston Transcript.*

— Mary, go into the sitting room and tell me how the thermometer stands."

"It stands on the mantlepiece just agin the wall, sir!"—*Dublin World.*

— First Delegate—"Hello, Sprockets. Not going home so soon? What's the matter?"

Second Delegate—"Punctured my pocket book."—*Philadelphia Record.*

— First Old Soldier—"There's something familiar about that woman's face."

Second Old Soldier—That's so. I guess it's the powder."

— He—"I've often wondered how these waiters can remember so many orders at once. I know now."

She (who had often wondered the same thing)—'Oh, do you? How can they remember so much?"

He (triumphantly)—"They don't."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— "Give me a bite of your candy, please, Flossie."

"No; but you may kiss me while my mouf is sticky."—*Life.*

— "Hopkins is a confirmed sceptic."

"Is that so?"

"Yes. I've seen him even wear a linen duster on a boat excursion."

— "I tell you, Dick, there's nothing like knowing how to manage a wife. My wife wanted to go to the mountains and I wanted to go to the seashore."

"How did it come out?"

"We compromised."

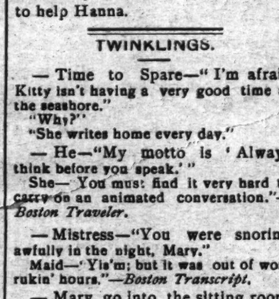
"On what?"

"On the mountains."—*Harper's Bazar.*

A Shattered Nervous System.

FINALLY HEART TROUBLE.

Restored to Health by Dr. Miles' Nervine.



MR. EDWARD HARDY, the jolly manager of Sheppard Co's. great store at Bracevville, Ill., writes: "I had never been sick a day in my life until in 1890. I got so bad with nervous prostration that I had to give up and commence to doctor. I tried our local physicians and one in Joliet, but none gave me any relief and I thought I was going to die. I became despondent and suffered untold agony. I could not eat, sleep nor rest, and it seemed as if I could not exist. At the end of six months I was reduced to but a shadow of myself, and at last my heart became affected and I was truly miserable. I took six or eight bottles of Dr. Miles' Nervine. It gave me relief from the start, and at last a cure, the greatest blessing of my life."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address, DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles's Pain Pill. Cures All Pain. "One cent a dose." For sale by all Druggists. June 13 19 ...ts to th

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Monroe *Enquirer*: Mrs. Margaret Redfearn, an old and highly respected lady of White Store township, Anson county, was found dead in her bed on Wednesday morning of last week.

— Weldon *News*: Mrs. R. W. Young died at the home of her husband, near Weldon, last Saturday.

— The *News* learns with sorrow of the death of Mrs. B. F. Whitaker, of Enfield, widow of the late Dr. B. F. Whitaker of that place.

— Southport *Standard*: We chronicle the very sad death of Mr. John T. Cox, which occurred last Monday morning about 8 o'clock. Mr. Cox had suffered a great deal on the day before, taking morphine to allay the pain. His condition was very bad and probably aggravated by the morphine, resulting in his death.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: Mr. John J. Kornegay, one of the older citizens of the town, died very unexpectedly last night. He had been sick for ten days with a slight fever, but was able to be up a part of the time every day. At 10 o'clock last night he was quite comfortable. About 4 o'clock this morning it was discovered that he had died. He was in his 64th year.

— Scotland Neck *Commonwealth*: A hail storm about the first of July beat down a good deal of cotton near Tillery. Mr. J. P. Futrell said that his crop looked like it was ruined. He exhibited a stalk in town this week from that part of his crop that was so badly beaten by the hail, and it did not seem to have been hurt at all. The stalk had fifteen bolls on it, and Mr. Futrell said he could not see that the cotton which the hail did not strike is any better than that which was beaten down.

— Winston *Sentinel*: News reached here this morning that a white man named Ed. Newlin, who lived about 8 miles from Ferrum, Va., on Shooting Creek, near the Winston-Salem line of the N. & W. road, was arrested yesterday on the charge of breaking into a spring-house and stealing milk and butter. While in the custody of an officer last night a party of unknown people took Newlin from the officer and shot him to death. Newlin is supposed to have been giving aid to revenue officers and it is believed that on this account he was killed. Moonshiners are thought to have committed the crime.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: The returns from tobacco manufacturers are now being received by the Labor Commissioner. One factory at Winston annually manufactures 775,000 pounds; another there manufactures 185,000, and a third 160,000 and one at Greensboro 200,000 pounds. A Statesville factory manufactures 150,000 pounds a year, and a Germantown factory 115,000 pounds a year. A leaf factory in Nashville handles 1,000,000 pounds of tobacco annually. The Dukes, at Durham, employ 750 people—450 men 225 women and 75 children. They have not yet made return as to their annual output.

— Charlotte *News*: North Carolinians need not go to far-off Alaska in the search for gold and fortune. We have Klondikes of our own at our very doors. Authenic information reaches Charlotte that two hands in six weeks' time washed out 59½ pounds of gold, which had an essay value of $14,200. This rich find was made in McDowell county. The method of extracting the gold is by sluice washing, and the findings have proved of exceptional richness. One of the owners of the gold was here this week and had the gold assayed at the United States assay office in this city, and it was found that the gold was worth about the amount stated above. He did not want his name known, and was rather reticent concerning the find and its production. But it is certainly of remarkable richness, and is proving a bonanza for the owners.

Pallid faces indicate pale, thin blood. Rosy cheeks show the pure, rich blood resulting from taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. †

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— A prosperity boom which hangs on the price of wheat alone is a foredoomed failure. Level up the prices of products and property to the wheat standard and there will be something in it. Raising the price of wheat on a famine and leveling other prices down to the gold standard cannot sustain a prosperity boom.—*Louisville Dispatch, Dem.*

—— At the election before the last Congressman Holman, the famous watchdog of the treasury, was defeated by four hnadred votes, though he ran more than 400 ahead of the rest of the Democratic state ticked. In the following election, in 1896, Holman was elected by 800 majority. In the special election to fill vacancy caused by Congressman Holman's death Francis M. Griffiths Democrat has been elected by 1500 majority, though opposed by both Republican and Populist candidates. Democracy seems to be gaining in Indiana.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— The Dingley newspapers are telling of a return of "the wages in 1892." But the wages in 1892 were no higher than the wages in 1890, before the passage of the McKinley tariff. The sponsor of that law never responded to the Democratic challenge to point to an increase of wages in a single protected industry as a result of the heavy increase of duties which he engineered. And now that the tariff has been screwed up beyond the McKinley rate at many points, why is it a matter of boasting to point to a restoration of the wages that prevailed under the relatively low tariff of 1883, which was in force when the McKinley tariff for bounties and pretection to trusts was enacted?—*New York World, Dem.*

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey nor other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents and $1 00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

LANGUAGE OF CRIME.

THE ARGOT OF PARIS AND THE "PATTER" OF LONDON.

Thieves Have Special Words to Express Stealing of Every Kind — Material Changes Take Place Every Two or Three Years.

The language of criminals—the argot of Paris, the "patter" of London—has been carefully investigated by numerous writers, with very variant results.

Its origin is difficult to explain. Criminals, say many authors, have found it necessary to adopt a technical language for their own protection, that they may be able to converse in public without being understood. "They have been forced to do this and have made a language as sinister and as vile as themselves." This theory cannot be admitted. Certainly the argot is sinister and vile and thoroughly representative of the class that uses it, but further than this we cannot go.

The theory that the use of this dialect is of any assistance to the criminal is inadmissible. Most policemen and all prison officers know this slang, sometimes better than the thieves. To speak it in the hearing of a detective is to invite arrest; to speak it in the presence of the general public would arouse suspicion and attract attention—two things which are especially to be avoided. Why, then, does it exist? Dr. Laurent of the Sante prison in Paris has given an explanation which has at least nothing to contradict it: The persons engaged in every trade form a species of dialect or technical phraseology which is spoken and understood only by themselves. Criminals, who practice a trade as old as any, have gradually acquired a language more adapted to their wants, more in keeping with their ideas and thoughts. Miserable, heartless, engaged in a perpetual struggle against morality, law and decency, they have acquired a language of debased words and cynical metaphors, a language of abbreviated expressions and obscene synonyms.

This dialect has mutilated the mother tongue. It has also borrowed liberally from other languages, but without method or etymology. Criminals are not grammarians. Neither are they linguists, and at first sight it would seem strange that they should import words from other countries. We will find, however, that in any prison the percentage of inmates of foreign birth will be large. In America it is about 15 per cent. A foreign expression which seems apt or an improvement on the one in present use is rapidly diffused through the prison. In cases where it is especially descriptive it may become permanent, but its life is usually short. The argot of the crime class changes materially every two or three years. It is ephemeral, as shifting as its users. Victor Hugo exaggerates only slightly when he says, "The argot changes more in ten years than the language does in ten centuries." Thus in the last three years there have been three different terms for watch—"super," "thimble" and "yellow and white"—each of which was in its turn the only one used.

Every writer on the subject has noticed that the argot is rich in expressions to denote certain common actions. This is a peculiarity shared by all primitive languages, the only difference being in the selection of the common acts. Thus in Sanskrit there are nearly 100 roots which express the idea of killing or wounding, without counting secondary derivations. Some of these roots are embodied in our language today. In the dialect of the thieves there are nearly 100 expressions to signify theft. It was necessary for the pickpocket to describe the various pockets in a man's clothing and in a woman's dress. The average man does not often need to specify a particular pocket. When he does, he lays his hand on it to assist the poverty of his language. The thief has a separate name for each separate pocket.

But in spite of this richness in synonyms, which is in itself a marked sign of degeneracy, for the tendency of a language is to eliminate its synonyms, giving to each a different shade of meaning, the argot is a poor language. It has not a single expression for abstract emotion. To attempt to render a philosophic thought, a moral emotion, a synthetic or esthetic idea into the dialect of the thief would be like attempting to translate "electricity" or "steam engine" into Latin. It is impossible because the words do not exist. They are not needed. The criminal has no more conception of abstract emotion than a blind man has of color.

A fact which does not seem to ally the argot to a primitive language is its ability to form additional words from its own resources, a power of self development which we find in the old Anglo-Saxon, and especially in the German of today. This trait is the more striking as it seems in direct contradiction to the impotence of the English language in this respect. The English has little formative power. It relies on the Greek and Latin languages for the extension of its vocabulary.—A. T. B. Crofton in Popular Science Monthly.

An Unspeakable Sell.

"A resident in Vevay, Switzerland, lately died and bequeathed a large property which he was supposed to possess to the "local hospital of the town."

There being two local medical charities—the town hospital and the Hospice de Samaritan—a lawsuit was entered by the former in order to decide its right to the legacy.

After considerable expense had been incurred the dispute was abruptly brought to a close by the discovery that the deceased had indulged in a most unseasonable jest, and, in fact, did not possess a penny to bequeath.—Pearson's Weekly.

Won't Be Fired.

Mrs. Wearie (who has a French maid)—This is the last time I'll have a servant girl who can't speak English.

Mr. Wearie—Why don't you send her off?

Mrs. Wearie—I've been trying for six weeks, but I can't make her understand what the word "discharge" means. She thinks it means a day off, and when I tell her she is discharged she goes out and has a good time.—Strand Magazine.

Something to Depend On.

Mr. James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with La Grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into Hasty Consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from the first dose, and half dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Dyspepsia

Is weakness of the stomach. It is the source of untold misery. It may be cured by toning and strengthening the stomach and enriching and purifying the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Many thousands have been cured by this medicine and write that now they "can eat anything they wish without distress."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by druggists. $1, six for $5. Get Hood's.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills. 25 cents.

THE GENUINE IRISH STEW.

How to Make It Out of Food Sometimes Thrown Away.

We are not apt to regard the Irish peasantry as either thrifty or a pattern in any matters of cookery, yet the canny Scotch are no more severe economists than the Irish of the northern country. The genuine Irish stew is a dish that deserves every praise. It is as great a success in its way as a Scotch broth of mutton, and it is a culinary lesson in the use of what people generally throw away.

To make this dish the peasant secures what scraps of meat and bones he can get for a few cents. The purchase in chiefly bone, and the meat is either beef or mutton, or it may be both.

The bone and meat are separated and the fat is removed. The best way to make the broth is to throw the meat in one kettle and the bones in another and cover them both with cold water.

After the contents of the two kettles have simmered very slowly for an hour salt is added. The cook now gathers any sound vegetable tops—the green tops of celery, the green leaves outside the cabbage, which in less thrifty parts of the land are the perquisite of the pig. These are chopped together and added to the kettle containing the bones and simmered with them for the next hour. For every two quarts of the stew two small onions cut in slices are added. When they have simmered half an hour, six small potatoes, cut in quarters, are put in.

When the potatoes have cooked half an hour, strain the broth off the bones and chopped vegetables, pressing the vegetables hard to extract all the pulp and flavor from them. Thicken the strained broth with a heaping tablespoonful of flour mixed with a large tablespoonful of butter. If mutton is used, the broth must be carefully skimmed before adding the thickening. Let the thickening cook in the strained broth for ten minutes, stirring it carefully; then pour it in the kettle of meat, onions and potatoes. Let the stew simmer a moment or two, stirring it constantly. Taste it to see if it needs more salt, add pepper and serve at once.

It is largely a pot of luck, depending upon the vegetables at hand and the amount of meat it contains, but it is nutritious, even when it is made largely of vegetables, and it is always excellent.—New York Tribune.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute	6½	@	7
Standard		@	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½@		5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔	4½@		5¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each	1 30	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	25	@	33
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	8 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	10	@	16
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks		@	45½
Virginia Meal		@	45½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	75
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	35
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	11	@	12½
Dairy, Cream	12	@	13
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	6½@		11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	10	@	13½
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	3 87
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 50	@	7 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 50	@	3 75
Choice	4 00	@	4 25
Straight		@	4 75
Fine Patent		@	5 25
GLUE—℔ ℔—	7½@		8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White		@	45
Car load, in bags—White		@	45
Oats, from store		@	30
Oats, Rust Proof	35	@	40
Cow Peas	60	@	65
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	1 00
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1½@		3
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5½@		6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	2000
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	12 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring	18 00	@	20 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hhds		@	30
" in bbls		@	32
Porto Rico, in hhds		@	26
" in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	13	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis	1 50	@1	60
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	9 50
Rump		@	8 75
Prime		@	8 75
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	12
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	60
Lisbon		@	
American	40	@	50
On 100 ℔ Sacks		@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	3 00	@	3 50
Common	2 50	@	2 75
Cypress Sawed	3 00	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Grans'd		@	5¼
Standard A		@	5¼
White Ex. C		@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	4½@		6
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	9 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	8 00
Mill, Fair		@	7 00
Common Mill	6 50	@	6 00
Inferior to Ordinary	4 00	@	5 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress, sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
4x30 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔—	3½@		4
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 20	@	1 30
North Carolina	1 05	@	1 10
WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	19

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, August 20.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 26½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 25 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market quiet and steady at $1.10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady; $1.80 per barrel for Hard, 1.80 for Yellow Dip and 1 90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady, 23c; 91c; rosin firm, $1.32½, 1.37½; tar steady, $1 05, crude turpentine quiet, $1 20, 1.55, 1.65.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	139
Rosin	644
Tar	333
Crude Turpentine	35

Receipts same day last year—141 casks spirits turpentine, 581 bbls rosin, 75 bbls tar, 26 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON

Market quiet on a basis of 7⅜c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5½	cts ℔ ℔
Good Ordinary	6⅞	" "
Low Middling	7⅛	" "
Middling	7⅜	" "
Good Middling	8 3-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7¾c.

Receipts—0 bales; same day last year 73.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 55@60c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 60c.

CORN—Firm; 45@47½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $3.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1¼@1½ per cent., last loan at 1¼ and closed offered at 1¼ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange was steady; actual business in bankers' bills at 485¾@485¾ for demand; 483½@483¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 484½@486 and 486½@487. Commercial bills 483. Silver certificates 50@53¼. Government bonds strong; twos, registered, 97⅜; fours, registered, 111⅞@112; fours, coupon, 112@112½; new fours, registered, 125@126½; new fours, coupon, 125@125½; fives, registered, 113½; fives, coupon, 113¼. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 126; North Carolina fours 103. Railroad bonds weak.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—Rosin quiet; strained common to good $1 47½@1 50. Spirits turpentine quiet at 28@28½.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 20.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25c bid; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels: A, B, C, D $1 20, E $1 20, F $1 25, G $1 30, H $1 45, I, $1 45, K $1 50, M $1 55, N $1 75, W G $1 90; W W $2 20.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 20.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26c bid; sales reported of 650 casks; receipts 1,439 casks. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales 1,756 barrels; receipts 3,407 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 20.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of 4 to 6 points, Liverpool advices at hand at the opening being disappointing by showing sales of only 7 000 bales spot cotton at a decline of 1 32d, while the future list showed a decline of 3 64. Current gossip in circulation at the opening reflected bearish sentiments regarding the size of the crop, but fears that the market had been oversold led to caution and some of the more timid shorts were induced to cover, especially as there were some complaints of damage in the Gulf and Atlantic States, owing to excessive moisture. Outside orders were very scarce up to noon, when the local professional contingent were entirely in control of the market. During the afternoon the market, though quiet, maintained a steady undertone. Just before the close New Orleans sent in buying orders and a sharp advance followed, with the market finally steady at a net advance of 9 points to a net decline of 3 points.

NEW YORK, August 20.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1, 1896: Galveston, 1,344,314; New Orleans, 2,091,655; Mobile, 303 332; Savannah, 843,458; Charleston, 399 550; Wilmington, 284,589; Norfolk, 704,601; Baltimore, 80,738; New York, 108,918; Boston, 193,157; Newport News, 9 707; Philadelphia, 59,473; West Point, Va., 80; Brunswick, 125 161; Texas City, 54,945; Pensacola, 67,899; Port Royal, 78 629. Total, 6,645,391.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20—Evening.—Cotton quiet; middling 7¾c.

Cotton futures closed very steady; sales 87,000 bales; Jan'y 6 73, Feb'y 6 76, March 6 79, April 6 82, May 6 85, July — August 7 48, September 6 93, October 6 78, November 6 67, December 6 69.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 7¾c; middling gulf 8¼c; sales 1,569 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 1,049 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; forwarded 387 bales; sales 1,369 bales; sales to spinners 569 bales; stock (actual) 43,969 bales.

Weekly net receipts — bales; gross 3,365 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France 169 bales; to the Continent 350 bales; forwarded 1 708 bales; sales 5,989 bales; sales to spinners 1,893 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 4,357 bales; exports to Great Britain 173 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; stock 76,333 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 19 028 bales; exports to Great Britain 3 508 bales; to France 1,316 bales; to the Continent 4,690 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 6,645 391 bales; exports to Great Britain 3 008 690 bales; exports to France 700 978 bales; exports to the Continent 3,149,348 bales; to the Channel 5,481 bales.

Aug. 20.—Galveston, steady at 7 9 16, net receipts 936 bales; Norfolk, nominal at 8⅛, net receipts 64 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8¼, net receipts 80 bales; Boston, quiet at 7, net receipts 70 bales; Wilmington, quiet at 7

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now* Chas. H. Fletcher *on every bear the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.* LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher, M. D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

WORTH & WORTH

OFFER FOR SALE

Best Quality, Full Weight

Flour, Bacon, Sugar,

Lard, Molasses,

MEAL, SALT, LIME, CEMENT,

Plaster, Hay, Corn, Hoop Iron,

OATS, RIVETS, GLUE.

Bagging and Ties

AT Low Prices.

au 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Liverpool and American

SALT.

Any weight sacks, coarse or fine, fresh packing. A large stock

Bagging and Ties,

which we offer at lowest market prices.

Groceries

in quantities sufficient to fill orders promptly. Correspondence solicited.

Hall & Pearsall,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

au 10 DAW tf

FOR SALE!

Machine-Made Spirit Barrels.

Made from the best thoroughly seasoned and selected

White Oak Timber.

Our experience of thirty-one years in manufacturing cooperage for the trade enables us to turn out barrels of correct gauge and guaranteed first class in every particular. Your patronage solicited.

The Geo. L. Morton Co.

y 4 1m

Special Bargains

—IN—

TOBACCO and CIGARS.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market Street,

au 3 tf Wilmington, N. C.

FASHIONS CHANGE
BUT
POZZONI'S
Complexion
POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless, and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Combination Bicycle

FOR SALE

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at

ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE PEACEFUL REST.

"Consider well," the voice replied,
"His face that two hours since hath died.
Wilt thou find passion, pain or pride?

"Will he obey when one commands,
Or answer should one press his hands?
He answers not, nor understands.

"His palms are folded on his breast.
There is no other thing express'd
But long disquiet merged in rest.

"His lips are very mild and meek.
Tho' one should smite him on the cheek
And on the mouth, he will not speak.

"His little daughter, whose sweet face
He kiss'd, taking his last embrace,
Becomes dishonor to her race.

"His sons grew up that bear his name,
Some grew to honor, some to shame—
But he is chill to praise or blame.

"He will not hear the north wind rave,
Nor moaning household shelter crave
From winter rains that beat his grave.

"High up the vapors fold and swim,
About him broods the twilight dim,
The place he knew forgetteth him."
—Tennyson.

A DREAMER.

He opened his eyes. Everything looked much as he had imagined and hoped it would look. On the wall opposite in a black frame hung the picture of a snowstorm from The Illustrated London News of half a dozen years ago. By his bedside stood the table, with a tumbler of water and a bowl of fresh flowers—lilies of the valley. On another table by the window burned a dim light. Here were a medicine bottle, some few articles always found in a sickroom, a couple of books, more flowers and a roll of white linen.

In a low chair near the dim light a woman sat. He could see only her head and a narrow outline of her face. Her head was thrown far back against the pink cushion. Her hair looked brown, streaked with gold where the light touched it. Her dress was black. He could see the corner of a white apron and the curve of a white collar and soft, white cuffs against small, white hands.

He wished he could see more of her. He was afraid to move lest she heard him. Evidently she was young. That was good. Was she also beautiful or even pretty? Would she be soft and gentle and patient with him or hard and stern and matter of fact? How peaceful it was in this little room in the center of the great, silent hospital! Such peace he had never felt before in his life, though he had often sought it. No one could come and worry him here, or stare at him, or ask him stupid questions. He did not care now whether he grew better or worse so long as he could lie in the silent room, with the picture of the snowstorm on the wall, and the lilies by his side on the table, and the nurse asleep in the chair, and everywhere she calm and the peace. It was even better than his room at home. There his mother or his father, his sisters and his brothers would have continually come, and looked at him, and asked him how he felt, and why he was so stupid, and why he was different from other people.

There none could worry him. He was safe.

What time was it? Evening probably, or perhaps night.

No light came through the blind and the gray, drawn curtains. He could hear no sounds from the street, not even the distant roar of traffic which never ceases.

Should he speak to the nurse and see what she was like? He very much wanted her to be pretty. He still clung to the stupid idea that if she were pretty she would be kind—and forgiving. Did she know all about him, all that other people knew or thought they knew? Would she forgive him? But he did not need forgiveness. He had done nothing wrong. She would only consider him like other men. Well, that would be better than thinking him "so different from every body else." He was quite tired of hearing he was "different."

He turned on his side again to sleep.

The nurse heard him. She rose and came to the bedside and bent over him. "Are you comfortable? Do you want anything?"

He opened his eyes gratefully. The voice was low and deep and soothing. The thought also came to him that it was a forgiving voice.

"No, thank you, nurse. I am all right. I was just thinking how—how quiet and nice it was here. What time is it? Nighttime surely?"

"It is early morning, nearly 8 o'clock. You will hear the sparrows awake soon and begin to chirp and chatter in the trees beneath your window. Will you drink this medicine now?"

He smiled. "Yes, if you like. But the knowledge has come to me that medicine is no good. I don't suppose I shall live long. I don't want to live. I have nothing to live for. My ideals I have found only ideals. My dreams will come to nothing. I only want to—I seem to want to make my peace, to come to an understanding with some one or something."

"Hush! You must not talk. There, I will make your pillow comfortable and smooth your sheet."

"I must talk, nurse. I will talk. Do you know I have been awake a long time? I have been lying looking at you. I was wondering if and hoping you were pretty. I am so glad you are. I used to think, I believe I still think, that beautiful women have beautiful minds."

"Hush! You must not talk. You will grow excited."

"Nurse, you know I cannot live long? Well, let me be happy"—he gave a sort of sob laugh—"be happy for a few minutes. Let me talk just for once. I have been silent all my life. I have thought all my life. I never found any one to talk to—except Ruby, and she ran away with another man. That was because I was poor. Bring over your chair and sit beside me. Ah, that is right. I am glad you are kind and understand me. I suppose you know how I first became ill and my quarrel with my relatives? Of course it is my own fault. I ought not to have been different from my brothers. You see, I was a bit of a dreamer. I read too many books when a boy, and I preferred painting pictures to studying law and writing stories to sitting in a London office. I dreamed a good deal, and I never went about town like my brothers did. I don't know why I did not. My sisters noticed it. They were jolly girls, kind hearted, and that sort of thing. But they didn't care for my taciturn, quiet ways. If my brothers came home late from a fellow's rooms, they used to let them in and help them to their rooms and say nothing about it. They thought it rather good sport and were annoyed with me because I didn't ever stop out late or get mixed up in a row or drink too much.

"I never found any one who took an interest in things I liked. Because I wouldn't go into the law or medicine or banking I was kicked out from home. Give me something to drink, nurse. This doesn't tire you? I am glad. I wanted to tell some one why I failed and all that before I died, and you seem—well, I thought I could work and live with my pen and keep my dreams and ideals to myself. Nurse, I tried. I tried hard. I had money at first. Life seemed gay and jolly. But I kept straight. That was one of my ideals, because I felt sorry—I sort of felt all women were sacred, and unless I loved one—so I kept straight.

"But a London lodging is not inspiring. I began to long for my books and flowers and my comfortable room. I began to long to see my brothers' and sisters' faces. I asked if I might come home and work in my old rooms. I received no answer. I got depressed. My ideals got mixed. Nothing seemed real except vice.

"One night I got drunk with the lights and the noise of London. I supped at a big restaurant, principally on champagne. I met her that night. I never cared for her, and I had cared for others and passed them by. She loved only gold and jewels. She was a lump of ice. Well, I froze my ideals with that lump of ice.

* * * * * * *

"I wandered about town, tired of everything. I was ill. I grew worse. Then they found me and took me home. How they worried me! How they plied me with questions! How they stared at me! 'Why was I so different from others?'

"I, too, began to ask myself that question. The first time I slip I break my neck, but my brothers make it their business to slip—gracefully and carefully.

"For a long time they kept me at home, always worrying me, trying to make me talk, trying to make me 'sensible.' Then at last I made them bring me here. And at last I am happy.

* * * * * * *

"There! What have I been saying, nurse? You must not think too badly of me. At the worst I am only a fool. Hark, it is dawn. Do you hear the sparrows chattering? It reminds me of the country. I can see the faint light stealing through the gray curtains, and the wind is shaking the blind to and fro.

"Would you read to me, nurse? I don't suppose you have a 'Swinburne?' He used to be my favorite poet. It was he who made me dream, I think. Nurse, I wonder why I have never been able to talk to any woman as I am talking to you before?"

Then he lay for some time silent, listening to the sparrows and the wind rustling the curtains together.

The nurse had risen. She stood opposite the mirror and gazed at herself. She loosened the hair on her forehead a little, so that the wavy curls fell naturally on either side. Then she crossed to the bed and bathed his temples with some slightly perfumed water, and gave him a clean, cold pillow for his head, and sat again by his side.

"I, too, used to read Swinburne"—he turned surprised—"but that was long ago, when I used to dream. Dreams are bad and foolish. We were not meant to dream in this world."

"No," he replied wearily, "I suppose not. But dreams are the only beautiful things in this world. Do you remember, 'Ah, God! Ah, God! That day should be so soon?' That is what I feel now. You won't leave me, will you, nurse? Wait until it is quite day. I am afraid my mother might come to see me, and I never feel comfortable when she is near me. I feel afraid. It is so stupid."

"All right. I won't leave you." She took his hand in hers. She knew his hours were few.

And she wondered why God had always let him meet the wrong women. If she had met him before, perhaps—

His thoughts were similar. "Nurse, I wish I had met you before."

She hesitated a moment. "So do I." She touched his forehead with her soft, scented handkerchief.

"What do you mean?"

"Perhaps we might have both been happier."

"Then you are not happy? Poor little nurse!" His hands gripped hers harder. "Nurse, I wonder—would you—kiss me—directly? It is not wrong or strange to ask you to kiss a dying man, is it?"

"No, dear." She kissed his forehead. His eyes caught hers. She bent again and kissed his lips.

* * * * * * *

"It must be 10 o'clock, nurse. Hark, there is some one coming! Don't let any one in, nurse—until I am gone—and hold my hand tightly—because it hurts a little, does death. Let me smell those lilies. They remind me of Ruby. She was a wicked woman, nurse, but I was fond of her, poor little thing, because it wasn't her fault. Hold me tighter, and—kiss me again. It is good to have some one to love. Nurse, don't let them in—until I am gone; they will say I am so different. Nurse!"

"Yes, dear?"

"You are there; that is right. Give my love to—everybody. Tell them I wanted to help and— Nurse, where is that picture of the snowstorm gone? I can't see it up there now—and I can't see your pretty face. I only see that woman—the lump of ice—so cold"— His voice slipped away, his eyes closed. God gave him back his dream.—Exchange.

BEAR TRAP, SWEDISH STYLE.

It Caught the Bear, but American Frills Proved Too Much For It.

Sven Larsen has tried the Swedish method of trapping bears, with American trimmings. The bear fell in with the Swedish plan, but kicked on the American frills and is still at liberty.

About ten miles south of Sugar creek, in Warren county, John Watson runs a small sawmill and in the spring turns his attention to boiling maple sugar, in which he is assisted by Larsen. One day he sent Larsen down to the sawmill to fire up the boiler. In a short time Sven came running back, breathlessly shouting between gasps:

"Hand me the gun! A big, black devil has his head in the boiler."

Watson called another man, seized a rifle and started toward the woods, Larsen and the other hired hand following, armed with axes. The bear had disappeared when they arrived at the sawmill, and with it a fine big ham which had been left in a small smokehouse.

Larsen then began to tell how he had seen bears trapped in Sweden and proposed to catch this one. He secured an empty oil barrel, knocked in one of the heads and smeared the interior with maple sirup and honey. He secured assistance and carried the barrel toward a spot where the bear was supposed to reside. He dug a hole in the ground and let the barrel down into the earth, leaving about ten inches above the ground, filling the earth lightly about the barrel. He also threw in a piece of ham bone for bruin to catch a whiff of as an extra inducement.

Watson laughed at Larsen and said no bear would be foolish enough to fall into such a shallow trap, and if it did the barrel would not hold it.

The trap did work, however. The following day, while the men were working in a clump of woods near by, they heard a scratching and growling in the direction of the bear trap and hurried toward it. Sure enough, there was a big black bear headforemost in the barrel, stuck in tight. It snorted and tore chunks of earth with its hind paws, which it scattered in showers in the air. Watson prodded it, which increased its anger, and it tore furiously to free itself.

Larsen was anxious to run to the loghouse and get a rifle with which to shoot it. Watson suggested a cheaper and quicker method. His was to dip water out of the run near by, pour it into the barrel and drown the bear. This improvement on the Swedish system of bear trapping started trouble. Larsen and the other laborer filled two buckets and poured one into the barrel over the bear's back. As the ice cold water flowed down its shaggy coat the bear carried on at a furious rate. It clawed, snorted, sneezed and fought with its hind paws, while the musical gurgle, gurgle, bubble, bubble from the bottom of the barrel caused the three to hold their sides with laughter.

Larsen had started to throw the second bucket of water down the bear's spine when it gave an unearthly growl and tore itself free from the barrel with a jerk. Watson and his assistant ran a dead heat for the log cabin, throwing away their axes so as not to be impeded in their sprint and leaving Larsen to fight it out with the bear.

Larsen threw the bucket at the bear, hitting it full on the snout, which the bear stopped to rub an instant before starting in pursuit of Larsen. The latter thus gained about a hundred yards. Larsen made for an embankment and just cleared the hill, rolling over and over as the bear made a vicious lunge after him with his paw. The bear did not follow. It sat down and licked the sirup, honey and blood from its body and slowly trotted off toward the woods.—New York Sun.

Consoling.

"Miss Tenspot called me an idiot, doncher know," complained Mr. Gilley to Miss Gaskett.

"Oh, I wouldn't mind that," replied the young lady. "She is so very frank."'—Scottish Nights.

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RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$515,414 89	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	207 45	Surplus	55,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	55,000 00	Undivided profits	14,438 09— 69,438 09
Banking House and Fixtures	10,000 00	Circulation	49,500 00
Due from other Banks	127,581 51	Total Deposits	526,457 23
Cash on hand	63,091 94—189,673 48		
Total	$770,395 82	Total	$770,395 8

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	July 23rd, '96.	July 23rd, '97
Deposits	$449,000	$526,000
Surplus and Net Profits	56,800	69,400
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid 6 per cent. per annum.
Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. jy 28 tf

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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT May 30, 1897

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 403.
Leave Wilmington	*3 30 p m	.....
Leave Lumberton	5 36 p m	.....
Leave Maxton	6 12 p m	.....
Leave Laurinburg	6 33 p m	.....
Arrive Hamlet	6 53 p m	.....
Leave Hamlet	7 13 p m	*6 10pm
Leave Rockingham	7 30 p m	6 28am
Leave Wadesboro	8 11 p m	5 54am
Leave Marshville	8 48 p m	6 35am
Arrive Monroe	9 13 p m	6 45am
Leave Monroe	9 35 p m	7 00am
Arrive Charlotte	10 25 p m	7 50am
Arrive Mt. Holly	.....	9 30am
Arrive Lincolnton	.....	10 30am
Arrive Shelby	.....	11 18pm
Arrive Kllenboro	.....	11 55pm
Arrive Rutherfordton	.....	12 30pm

*6 40 a m Leave.....Hamlet.....Arrive 6 20pm
10 00 a m Arrive.....Cheraw.....Leave *6 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38	No. 402.
Leave Rutherfordton	.....	*4 35pm
Leave Kllenboro	.....	5 15pm
Leave Shelby	.....	5 55pm
Leave Lincolnton	.....	6 36pm
Leave Mt. Holly	.....	7 29pm
Leave Charlotte	*6 10 am	8 30pm
Arrive Monroe	6 50 am	9 10pm
Leave Monroe	6 05 am	9 40pm
Leave Marshville	6 35 am	.....
Leave Wadesboro	7 01 am	10 31pm
Leave Rockingham	7 41 am	11 06pm
Arrive Hamlet	7 55 am	11 30pm
Leave Hamlet	8 10 am	.....
Leave Laurinburg	8 46 am	.....
Leave Maxton	9 05 am	.....
Leave Lumberton	9 53 am	.....
Arrive Wilmington	12 05 pm	.....

NORTHWARD.

Leave Hamlet	*6 15 am	*11 20pm
Arrive Raleigh	11 30 am	2 16am
Arrive Portsmouth	5 50 pm	7 35am
Arrive Richmond	*6 50 pm	*8 15am
Arrive Washington	11 10 pm	12 31pm
Arrive New York	6 53 am	6 35pm

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Monroe	*6 48am	*9 25pm
Arrive Abbeville	11 05 am	1 40am
Arrive Athens	1 15 pm	3 45am
Arrive Atlanta (Central Times)	3 50 pm	5 20am

* Daily, † Daily, except Sunday.

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Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

Schedule in Effect May 30th, 1897.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON.

10.15 P. M., Daily. Arrives Fayetteville 3.35 p. m., Sanford 5.02 p. m., Ore Hill 5.52 p. m., Greensboro 7.25 p. m., Walnut Cove 9.08 p. m., Mt. Airy 11.00 p. m. Connects with Southern Railway at Greensboro, arriving Salisbury 8.50 p. m. Asheville 12.12 a. m., Knoxville 4.00 a. m., Chattanooga 7.40 a. m. Nashville 1.35 p. m., Charlotte 10.00 p. m., Atlanta 6.10 a. m., Danville 12.00 night, Lynchburg 1.58 a. m., Charlottesville 3.35 a. m., Washington 6.42 a. m., Baltimore 8.00 a. m., Philadelphia 10.15 a. m., New York 12.43 p. m.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

4.30 P. M., Daily, from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Charlottesville, Lynchburg, Danville, Mt. Airy, Walnut Cove, Greensboro, Nashville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville, Salisbury, Atlanta, Charlotte and all points North, South and West.

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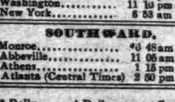

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PAWNEE, Saturday, Aug. 28

Wilmington for New York.

PAWNEE, Saturday, Aug. 21
CROATAN, Saturday, Aug. 28

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CROATAN, Tuesday, Aug. 24
PAWNEE, Tuesday, Aug. 31

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT AUGUST 15, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.10 a m, Warsaw 11.17 a m, Goldsboro 11.50 a m, Wilson 12.42 p m, Rocky Mount 1.30 p m, Tarboro 2.05 p m, Weldon 2.39 p m, Petersburg 3.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 8.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 2.45 a m, New York 5.53 a m, †Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.08 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.34 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.42 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.35 a m, New York 2.05 p m, Boston 9.00 p m.

DAILY except Sunday 2 10 p m No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 12 58 p m, Newbern 5 30 p m. This train leaves from Walnut street.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 4.00 P M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 6.09 p m, Chadbourn 6.40 p m, Marion 8.23 p m, Florence 7.35 p m, Sumter 8.52 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.43 a m, Augusta 8.30 a m, Macon 11 37 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.50 p m, Savannah 2.43 a m, Jacksonville 8.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 6.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M No. 42—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.13 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.03 p m, Magnolia 4.15 p m.

DAILY 9.35 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 3.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.00 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.45 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 5.30 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.01 a m, Warsaw 7.53 a m, Magnolia 8.05 a m.

DAILY except Sunday 9 20 a m No. 61—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9 20 a m, Jacksonville 12 42 a m. This train arrives at Walnut street.

12 40 a m

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.00 a m, Sanford 1.50 p m, Jacksonville 3 30 p m Savannah 12.50 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 6 30 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.38 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.30 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 50 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 56 a m, Greenville 8.50 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18a m, Weldon 11 33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 a m and 1 00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 1 40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 35 a m and 6 30 p. m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m. Sun., 4 00 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m, returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.00 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 5 a m, Nashville 5 35 a m; arrive R

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUG. 21, 1897

DOLLAR WHEAT.

September Option Reached the Century Mark on the New York Exchange.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 20.—At 1.40 o'clock September wheat in the local market reached the long talked of goal of one dollar per bushel. Clearly enough the incident created a tremendous sensation on the floor of the Exchange and was greeted with prolonged cheers from half a thousand throats, being re-echoed from the crowded galleries.

Several times during the early afternoon the bulls snapped the price within ⅝c of the desired mark, but a return wave of selling orders each time swept it back again. The final and successful effort was made under the impulse of export rumors reaching enormous figures. September was hanging around 99¼ when the export news was first whispered about, and at once danced upward in response to excited local buying. Higher and higher it whirled, watched by everybody on the floor until the big black finger on the record dial plumped fairly on the even figures, and "dollar" wheat in New York was an accomplished fact.

Now that the bulls have attained their boast they are as far as ever from being satisfied, and claim that the wave of bull sentiment which has spread like wild fire all over the country will carry the price here to at least $1.25 per bushel, and perhaps even higher.

MICHAEL ANGIOLOLLI.

Execution of the Assassin of Premier Canovas.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SAN SEBASTIAN, August 20.—Michael Angiololli, who shot and killed Senor Canovas del Castillo, the Prime Minister of Spain at the baths of Santa Agueda on Sunday, August 8th, was executed at 11 o'clock this morning according to the sentence of the court martial imposed upon him on Monday last, after his trial on the previous Sunday, which sentence was confirmed by the Supreme Council of War yesterday.

Angiololli heard calmly the news that he was to be executed to-day, but he appeared to be surprised at it and bitterly complained of the frequent visits of the priests, declaring that they would obtain nothing from him. He declined to enter the chapel, saying he was comfortable enough in his cell.

An executioner from Barges performed the garroting, just prior to which a priest exhorted the Anarchist to repent, to which Angiololli responded, "Since you cannot get me out of prison leave me in peace. I myself will settle with God."

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Heavy Buying in the Retail Trade—Mail Orders Large.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug 20—The market for dry goods is well sustained to-day, the telegraph reports from out-of-town showing heavy buying in retail stores, while the local attendance of buyers in jobbing centres was as heavy as heretofore. At first hands, too, the orders received by mail as well as by store trading, were heavy in all lines of cotton goods. The market for woolen goods in some departments show a falling off of interest but results are still such as to justify the assertion that the season will prove to have been an exceptionally large one in the amount of business done. In staple cotton, the demand for brown goods is well-sustained, with the exception export grades which are quiet,

CAPTURED BY PIRATES.

An Italian Barque from Pascagoula Bound to Marseilles.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

VALETTA, ISLAND OF MALTA, August 20—Information has just been received here to the effect that the Italian barque Fiducia Razeto, from Pascagoula on June 4th for Marseilles, was spoken on August 16th in latitude 36.04, and reported having been boarded on August 15th abreast of Cape Baba by fourteen pirates, who fired into the crew, ransacked the vessel, stole the papers, charts, instruments, provisions and the clothing of the crew, cut the running gear and carried off the captain, boatswain and a seaman. The Fiducia was supplied with provisions and instruments by a passing vessel and was thus enabled to proceed.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 20.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending August 20.

	1897	1896
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week...	19,033	36,857
Total receipts to this date.....	6,645,391	5,211,143
Exports for the week	9,399	14,089
Total exports to this date.....	5,864,391	4,516,116
Stock in all United States ports.....	76,833	153,533
Stock at all interior towns.....	33,019	84,930
Stock in Liverpool...	573,000	549,000
American afloat for Great Britain.....	7,000	30,000

The Prohibition State Convention of Virginia met in Lynchburg and nominated Rev. L. A. Cutler, of Louisa county, for governor; Professor G. M. Smithdeal, of Richmond, for lieutenant governor; and F. B Kennedy, of Staunton, for attorney general. The attendance was small.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

INTERVENTION IN CUBA.

THE POSITION THE UNITED STATES IS READY TO ASSUME.

Instructions Given to Minister Woodford—Unless the Situation Speedily Improves Our Interests Will Make It Imperative to Intervene in Behalf of Cuban Independence.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 20.—Officials of the State Department were very reticent to-day when asked concerning a report in circulation that definite instructions have been given all our foreign ambassadors and ministers in European countries to sound and ascertain the attitude of European governments in case the United States should intervene in Cuba. While general denials were made by some of them, others intimated that the United States was ready to assume the position taken by President Grant in 1874, as shown by the instructions of Secretary Fish to Minister Cushing. Although it never appears that these instructions were carried out, and there is no knowledge of what Spain would have done in the premises, it is possible that Minister Woodford will have a different report to make. It can be stated on information received here that there is no truth in the report that Lord Salisbury has sent an unfavorable answer to a suggestion that the United States should interfere, the fact being that he has not replied at all to the attempt of our ambassador to sound him on the subject, and that his attitude gives reason to believe he will not oppose such action as our interests may make necessary.

Minister Woodford's instructions are to intimate to Spain that the United States will intervene unless the situation in Cuba speedily improves. This, in effect, was the instructions which were given Mr. Cushing by Mr. Fish, and it is understood that the attitude of the United States is almost identical with the position taken during Gen. Grant's administration. Then, as now, the good offices of the United States had been tendered to Spain to bring about a settlement of the war, "but," said Secretary Fish, "the well intended proffers of the United States were unwisely rejected by Spain." The Secretary reviewed the situation, which presents many similar phases to that which exists now. President Grant said the Secretary regarded independence as the only and necessary solution of the Cuban question

The attitude of the present administration is said to be on the same lines, and it is stated that Minister Woodford will make it clear to the Spanish authorities that our interests will make intervention by the United States imperative unless something is done speedily by Spain to improve the present situation, disastrous as it is to all our interests.

THE WHEAT MARKET.

A Sensational Advance—Liverpool Started the Bulge—A Mysterious Bull Clique Aided the Movement—Cash Wheat Passed the Dollar Mark.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, August 20.—Wheat scored a sensational advance to-day at every market in the world, with the exception of Paris. During the regular session of the Chicago Board of Trade, September wheat gained 5⅞c and December 5⅝c. On the curb, after regular hours, another advance of 8c was made, September selling freely at 96c.

The wheat pit on 'Change to-day presented a scene of activity the like of which has not been witnessed since the palmy days of B. H. Hutchinson, familiarly known as "Old Hutch." The exact opposite of "Ed" Pardridge's famous raid in 1891 was in progress. That plunger began his operations on the short side of the market during the Spring of '91 and forced the price from in the nineties to 53 cents. To-day's advance places wheat on the ground occupied before that raid, and in a position for even further appreciation.

The advance to-day was by no means merely a Chicago bulge. Liverpool started it, the English markets showing a gain equivalent to 4⅛@4⅜c per bushel. Every American market followed the example. New York gaining 5¾c, St. Louis 4c and the Northwestern markets 6c. The strength of the English markets was attributed to unsettled weather and covering by shorts. The official report of the Hungarian crop, showing it the smallest in ten years, might have had some influence. Beerbohem, the noted English statistician, estimated European necessities at 364,000,000 bushels, with 185,000,000 bushels of that amount required from America.

Cash wheat in most of the American markets passed the dollar mark. That was the case at Minneapolis, New York, Buffalo, Baltimore and St. Louis. The cash premium there advanced to three cents over September option.

The Liverpool advance being made ahead of the American, the English traders were quick to accept a "sure thing" and quietly absorbed all cable offerings at last night's figures.

Lack of available wheat has made it impossible to do much cash business and only one lot of 140,000 bushels was reported sold. Atlantic clearances were extremely large, and the total for the week of 5,900,000 bushels reported just after the close caused a further advance of 3c. A few sales of September were made on the curb at 96½ and trade was quite free around September. With fluctuations so wild speculators necessarily limited their operations. It was a big market only in the sense that every one took part.

The mysterious "bull clique," whose operations in July option were very prominent, continue to be the centre of discussion. Their operations day after day have made it plain that a veteran is at the helm, but his identity has thus far been kept from the public. Joseph Leiter, a well known local capitalist, is said to be heavily interested in the deal, and a well known car builder is supposed to have a hand in it also. Although Pardridge's operations have not been eclipsed, the combine is now said to be long of 20,000,000 bushels of grain, nearly half of the entire amount being December corn. Profits, it is said, have already been accepted amounting to over 2,000,000.

The campaign in corn is being pushed vigorously, and prices to-day advanced about one cent, with a further gain of half a cent after the regular close.

Oats were also aided by the bull crowd, and gained nearly one cent.

Provisions were not favored by pool operations, and gained only five to fifteen cents.

RUN DOWN BY A TRAIN.

A Well Known Attorney and a Young Lady of Washington, D. C., Fatally Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 20.—A carriage containing H. O. Claughton, a well known attorney of this city, and Miss Villa Custis, a daughter of Dr. W. G. N. Custis, was run down by a train on the Baltimore & Potomac Railroad at Deanwood, a short distance from Washington, about 7 o'clock to-night. Both were injured so seriously that they died while being brought to the city. Claughton, who was a widower, leaves four children.

Notices were posted at the National Tube Works, McKeesport, Pa., yesterday, announcing an advance of 10 per cent. in the wages of all employes. The advance goes into effect on August 30.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

BRADSTREETS' REPORT ON THE BUSINESS SITUATION.

Higher Prices for All Agricultural Products With Increasing Demand for Manufactures—Large Increase in Exports of Wheat and Corn.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 20.—Bradstreets to-morrow will say: Special telegrams from trade centres throughout the country emphasize the growing prosperity of the farmer, due to higher prices for almost all agricultural produce still in his hands, and point to a continuation of the demand, which has been conspicuous within the past few weeks. The volume of trade continues to increase and prices are hardening.

No such volume of business largely in anticipation of requirements has been reported since 1892.

Prices for staples continue the favorable movement of the past few weeks, with advances for wheat, flour, new pork, butter, eggs, cheese, corn and oats. Hides are also firmer and higher.

Ginghams have advanced ¼c, while the cotton mills are starting up and jobbers in woollen goods are getting higher prices for Spring delivery.

There have been a large number of resumptions among iron and steel concerns this week; Bessemer pig is 25c higher and the outlook is for improvement. Sugar, cotton, print cloths, wool and petroleum are firm and unchanged, while coffee, almost alone among the staples, is lower than last week.

Exports of wheat (flour included as wheat) from both coasts of the United States and Montreal this week are the largest in any week since September, 1893, amounting to 5,218 000 bushels this week, as compared with 4,460,000 bushels last week, 2 991,000 bushels in the week a year ago, 2,389,000 bushels two years ago, 3,183,000 bushels three years ago, and as contrasted with 4 960,000 bushels in the corresponding week of 1893.

Exports of Indian corn this week are also exceptionally heavy, the largest since the third week in April, this year, amounting to 3,933,033 bushels, as compared with 3,275,000 bushels last week, 2,769,000 bushels in the week a year ago, 1 915,000 bushels two years ago, 105,000 bushels three years ago, and as contrasted with 933,000 bushels in the like week of 1893.

There are 221 business failures reported throughout the United States this week, against 214 last week, 264 a year ago, 193 two years ago, 251 three years ago, and as contrasted with 456 in the third week of August, 1893.

TRADE RELATIONS WITH JAPAN

The United States a Strong Competitor With Europe—The Value of Our Exports and Imports.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 20.—A statement prepared by the Treasury Department shows that for the first time in the history of trade relations with Japan, the United States is entitled to be considered as a serious competitor with Europe. A recent British report from the legation at Tokio reviews the foreign trade of Japan during the past year. In the supply of machinery, rails, nails and pig-iron, the United States assumed a leading place. The British representative also pointed out that American railway engine builders were likely to receive a great number of orders during the present year. An unusual demand for metals, textiles and raw materials is noted, going to show the growth of manufactures in Japan.

Our own official statistics sustain the report of the British representative, the Treasury Department's statistics showing that there has been a great increase in our exports to Japan, which have risen from $8 388,389 in 1892, a year of large general exports, to $13,928,970 for the fiscal year just closed. The increase over the fiscal year 1896 amounts to about $5,000,000. This increase was mainly in cotton and manufactures of cotton and manufactures of iron and steel, including machinery, mineral oil refined, manufactured tobacco, lumber and wheat flour. The increase in our manufactures of iron and steel and in raw cotton is especially noticeable.

Notwithstanding the heavy increase in exports, the United States buys more from Japan than we sell to that country. During the year just ended the value of Japanese goods brought into the United States was $24,009,753. Compared with last year this is a decrease of about $1,500,000. However, the value of Japanese imports has been subject to comparatively little fluctuations for a number of years, ranging from $14,885,573 in 1886 to $27,454 240 in 1893.

Of the 118,343,175 pounds of tea imported by the United States during the fiscal year 1897, Japan supplied 45,467,161 pounds and China 56,408,924 pounds.

The import of chief value, raw silk, was last year valued at $10 010,885. Raw silk is free of duty. Manufactured silk, which is dutiable, was valued at $3,756,963. The total value of free goods imported during the year was $18,808,609 and of dutiable goods $5,201,147. These figures are a fair representative of recent years.

In connection with the importation of Japan teas, it is noted that the prices have in fifteen years decreased fully one half.

SPANISH ATROCITIES.

Cruelty and Distress in Cuba—Pacificos Dying by Hundreds.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 20—The correspondent of the *Daily Chronicle*, in a letter from Cuba, tells of further cruelty and distress in that island. He says the pacificos are dying by the hundreds, "their bodies tainting the air close to a Spanish fort."

The *Chronicle* correspondent continuing, remarks that a private letter has been received at Havana from Senor Sagasta, the Liberal leader in Spain, in which he says: "The atrocities are raising a thrill of horror in Europe, and I fear it is impossible to make fresh loans, without which we cannot retain Cuba."

The correspondent further adds: "German syndicates are buying the devastated estates at nominal sums and intend to go extensively into coffee planting, abandoning sugar. This will directly concern the United States and French sugar trusts, and will probably lead to extensive sugar growing in Georgia and Florida."

DIED OF HEART DISEASE.

Wm. D. Vinson, Professor of Mathematics of Davidson College.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., August 20.—William Daniel Vinson, M. A., LL. D., professor of mathematics of Davidson College, Davidson, N. C., died suddenly to-day of heart disease. He was forty-eight years of age and a native of Richland county, South Carolina. He was a graduate of Washington and Lee University and was formerly professor of mathematics in Austin College, Texas.

HUMORS IN THE BLOOD, boils, pimples, scrofula and sores are promptly eradicated by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the one true blood purifier, nerve tonic and health builder.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, biliousness. 25 cents.

COAL MINERS' STRIKE.

Demonstrations at Various Points Checked by Deputies—Wholesale Arrests Expected to be Made.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PITTSBURG, August 20.—Secret work among the working miners is to be continued on a large scale. There were no men at Sandy Creek camp, though it is said an effort may be made to resume. Operations are also temporarily suspended at Turtle Creek. One hundred and seventy-five men marched from Camp Isolation, at Plum Creek, this afternoon. They marched to Unity and were stopped at Plum Creek by the deputies. The injunction was read to them, but they continued to Center, two miles past the "dead line." They then marched to New Texas and returned with the farmers from that section who were making a demonstration in sympathy with the strikers. The strikers were joined by their wives and about five hundred people at a meeting which was addressed by Mrs. Jones, of Chicago, Captain McKay and others.

Deputy Sam Young telegraphed for the sheriff to come to the scene. Wholesale arrests are expected to follow the arrival of the sheriff, and as both sides are wrought to the highest pitch there is no telling what the result may be. There was trouble at the strikers' camp near the Bunola mine during the morning, and a number of strikers were arrested for violating the injunction.

Arrests were also made at Camp Victory, Canonsburg. A constable appeared in camp with warrants for twelve men, but could only find two of them The others had anticipated arrest and left the camp before the officer arrived.

GENUINE SMALLPOX.

Marine Hospital Surgeons' Report on the Epidemic at Birmingham, Alabama.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 20.—Surgeon General Weyman has received the report of the officers of the Marine Hospital Service, sent to Birmingham, Ala., at the request of the local authorities to investigate the smallpox epidemic which threatened to be serious. The report pronounces the disease to be genuine smallpox and not a lesser type of the disease as had been claimed. It states, however, that it is not of a virulent character, resulting in death. Thus far, it has been confined entirely to the negroes. The sanitary arrangements are pronounced excellent. An isolated camp, known as Camp Evans, has been established and a hospital located on the mountain side outside the city. As a cemetery also is located on the mountain side, much agitation was caused among the colored people lest their going to the hospital was a preliminary to going to the cemetery. The report as a whole does not treat the epidemic as serious.

WARM WIRELETS

Solly Smith knocked out Johnny Griffin in the seventh round at Woodward's Gardens, San Francisco, last night.

Isidore Ricci, an Italian friend of Michele Aagolillo, the assassin of the Spanish Premier Canovas, has been arrested in Lisbon.

The queen-regent of Spain has conferred the premiership upon General Azcarraga, who is also minister of war. The cabinet will not be modified.

The bank clearings in the United States for the week were $1,186,783,615, per cent. increase 40 2; exclusive of New York, $485,360 518; per cent. increase 20.1.

The commission of Ethan A Hitchcock, of Missouri, as minister to Russia, was made out at the White House yesterday. The appointment dates from August 10th.

Near Cave Spring, Roanoke county, Va., Basil Ridgeway shot and probably mortally wounded James Smithers. There had been bad blood between the two men for some time.

Judge Waller R. Staples died at his home in Christiansburg, Va., of heart disease. He was one of the ablest lawyers in Virginia and one of the great leaders of the Democratic party of the State.

Mrs. E. H. Edwards, 45 years old, a resident of Graniteville, S. C., one of the women merchants who visited New York, dropped dead in front of the Fifth Avenue Hotel there yesterday afternoon.

Pate & Williams, retail dry goods merchants, Macon, Ga., filed two mortgages, each for $10,000 to secure indebtedness. The assets are in the hands of the sheriff, who will foreclose both mortgages at once.

Towney Lyles, a young negro, was hanged at Newberry, S. C., yesterday for committing rape upon the person of an elderly white woman in March last. This is the first legal execution for rape that has taken place in South Carolina since 1835.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

A Fine variety of Candies and Fruits always on hand at A. S. Winstead's, 115 North Second street. For Cooking Apples, Pears and Peaches see him. au 19 tf

Money to lend on approved city property. J. H. Gore, Jr., Lawyer, room 8, Smith building, Princess street. au 17 1m

Just as well have the best when you can get it as cheap as you can inferior grades. Our Teas and Coffees are the Best. Atlantic Tea Company, northeast corner Front and Market. au 15 tf

Agents Wanted—Live men everywhere to sell two've valuable, indispensable household articles. Send 25 cents in stamps for complete sample outfit and full particulars to C. W. Peters, 23 S. Tryon street, Charlotte, N. C. au 15 1w

Ship your Beef Cattle, Milch Cows, Sheep and all kinds Produce to M. C. Benson, No. 5 South Water street, for best prices and prompt returns. au 8 tf

Can be found at 18 Market street, J. J. Shepard, Proprietor, By to-day's steamer 100 Ladies' Wrappers, nice goods, black and colors. Mosquito Nets and Canopies, Piano Covers, Table Covers, White Ducks, Lawns, &c, at bargains. Come quick. au 5 tf

Wanted—High-grade man of good church standing to act as Local Manager and State Correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary $900 if qualified. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, care DAILY STAR. au 4 tf

Wanted—High-grade woman of good church standing to act as Local Manager and State Correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary $900 if qualified. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, care DAILY STAR. au 4 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 98. mar 13 tf

Hayden, F. Bro. see to each buggies, read Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. apl

BUSINESS IMPROVING.

New England Cotton Mills Start Up on a Full Time Schedule

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MANCHESTER, N. H. August 20—Notice was issued to day to the effect that the Amoskeag cotton mills will start up in all departments on September 6th. The Amoskeag mills employ about 15,000 operatives.

The Amory Cotton Manufacturing Company will resume Monday next.

SALEM, Mass., August 20—Mills No 2 and No. 5 of the Naumkeag Steam Cotton Manufacturing Company plant, in this city, started on full time this morning, after nearly six months of a forty-two hour schedule. The management states that the market for their goods is improving and they hope soon to be forced to order full time in the other mills which are now running forty two hours. About 1,150 hands are employed in the two mills.

There was another explosion yesterday in Constantinople, believed to have been caused by a bomb. Nobody was injured but several Armenians were arrested and the police captured documents which are said to be of an incriminating nature.

Johnson & Fore,

No. 111 Market Street.

Contemplating a change in their business are offering their

Entire Elegant Stock

—OF—

Dry Goods

Millinery, &c., at

ACTUAL COST

For Cash.

You can't afford to miss such an opportunity to secure

Great Bargains.

No samples given. No goods sent on approval. au 1 tf

TURNIP SEED,

Crop 1897,

JUST ARRIVED

ALL VARIETIES PLANTED IN THIS SECTION.

The Largest Stock and the Lowest Prices.

Write for quotations.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

je 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.

"THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD

OR OUR SAVIOUR IN ART"

Cost over $100,000 to publish. Contains nearly 200 full-page engravings of our Saviour, by the great masters. Every picture is reproduced from some famous painting. Agents are taking from three to twenty orders per day. The book is so beautiful that when people see it they want it. "FIRST GLANCE AT THE PICTURES BROUGHT TEARS TO MY EYES," says one. "Cleared $150 first week's work with the book," says another. "Some high grade man or woman of good church standing should secure the agency here at once," says every editor. "as $500 can soon be made taking orders for it." Also a man or woman of good social position can secure position of Manager of this territory, to devote all their time to employing and drilling agents and corresponding with them. Address for full particulars A. F. T. ELDER, Publisher 278 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill. au 4 tf

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1st TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m. 2.30 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 7.15 p. m.

Leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 2.45 p. m., 6.00 p. m., 10.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 10.10 a. m., 2.30 p. m. and 7.30 p. m.

Leave Ocean View at 11.30 a. m., 6.00 p. m. and 9.30 p. m.

SATURDAY SPECIAL.

Leave Wilmington at 1.00 p m, arrive at Ocean View at 1 35 p m.

Leave Ocean View at 1.45 p m, arrive at Wilmington at 2.15 p m.

This train stops only at Wrightsville, Seashore Hotel and Ocean View. je 20 tf

Hoop Iron.

Three car loads Hoop Iron, 1,000 Spirit Casks, 50 barrels Glue; also Jute Bagging, Cotton Ties, Meat, Molasses, Tobacco, Drugs, Oats, Corn, Meal, Cigars, Cigarettes, Cheroots, Snuff of almost all makes, and many other goods.

D. L. GORE,

au 15 tf 190, 192 and 194 North Water St.

Prempert's Barber Shop,

NO. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call.

Respectfully,

je 20 tf ARTHUR PREMPERT

BARGAINS IN

Slippers

—AND—

Tan Shoes

FOR TEN DAYS ONLY.

25 Per Cent Off.

40c	quality will be		30c
50c	" " "		37½c.
75c	" " "		54c.
$1.00	" " "		75c.
1 50	" " "		$1.12½.
2 00	" " "		1.50.

Remember 10 Days Only

And many other Bargains at

J. H. REHDER & CO.'S,

Near Fourth Street Bridge.

Bell Phone 118. Inter-State 218.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and up. au 8 tf

SUMMER RESORTS.

Hotel Townsend,

RED SPRINGS, N. C.

GREAT REDUCTION IN RATES FOR three months from August 15th; $7.00 per week or $25.00 by the month.

The wonderful waters from the Springs are unsurpassed for kidney and stomach troubles.

Hunting reserve has been secured for over 10,000 acres of fine hunting lands near here. For further information address

L. A. LYON, Prop

or H. E. THOMPSON, M'g'r, Red Springs, N. C. au 19 Dlm Wlw

Claremont Summer Resort,

HICKORY, N. C.

The location is a noted health resort; chalybeate water; cool nights with mountain breeze; altitude 1200; elegant three-story brick building; twenty acre yard covered with native forest trees; a delightful resort with pure mountain air and water. Rates reasonable. Write for particulars.

S. P. HATTON, Proprietor.

je 29 26t

A Palace in the Mountains.

"For beauty of architecture and elegance of equipment 'The Alleghany,' at Goshen Bridge, Va., has not a rival among the summer resort hotels of America. Located in the heart of the Alleghanies, where the climate is always cool and invigorating, amidst scenery of wondrous beauty, its advantages as a summer home are unequaled."

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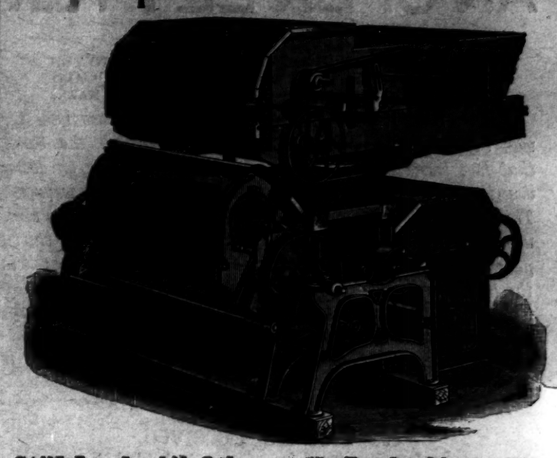

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"And talking of carpets and carpet people, are you fully aware of whae the new tariff means to the carpet buyer? Under the McKinley bill the price of carpets was 10 cents higher than they are to-day, and the new duty, as provided by the Dingley bill, on raw materials that enter into the manufacture of carpets is higher than under the McKinley bill. Naturally prices have to go up. Present prices can last only until the present stock of raw material is exhausted. The stock of carpet wool on hand is very light. The wise buyer will place his order without delay. Carpets will never be so cheap again in the next three years."

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We purchased during last Spring $5,000 worth of CARPETS, and offer them until the 1st of September at last year's prices.

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Statement of The National Bank of Wilmington,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Condensed from Report to the Comptroller.

FRIDAY, JULY 23, 1897.

ASSETS.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	$381,344 24	Capital Stock	$100,000 00
Bank Building	23,000 00	Surplus	11,500 00
Recempt on Fund with U. S. Treasurer	2,250 00	Undivided Profits	1,015 69
U. S. Bonds	50,000 00	Dividends Unpaid	330 00
Premium on U. S. Bonds	5,437 50	Circulation	45,000 00
Stocks, Securities, etc.	4,994 00	Deposits	372,822 48
Over Drafts	83 74		
Due from Banks	34,429 14		
Cash and Reserve	128,527 15		
	$630,668 17		$630,668 17

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